

## IDEAS.

Hard rubs polish cubs.  
Practical jokes are monkey tricks.  
Small cares dull the edge of great sorrows.  
A work of genius requires a genius for work.

## TAKE NOTICE.

Election Day is Tuesday, November 8th.  
Our next week's issue will contain the full election returns up to the time of going to press on Thursday.

## FROM THE WIDE WORLD.

The American consulate at Amoy, China, was destroyed by fire.

The remains of former President Kruger, of the Transvaal Republic, are en route from The Hague to South Africa for final interment.

A treaty providing for the settlement by arbitration of any possible disputes between France and the United States has been signed by Secretary Hay and French Ambassador Jusserand.

A series of official reports of the bombardment of Port Arthur by the Japanese has reached Tokio. The burden of the reports is that the Japanese forces are attacking with increasing effectiveness and are inflicting heavy damage on the Russian forts.

The United States Supreme Court settles disputes between States with out war. There has lately been set up in Holland, at a place called the Hague, a court to which disputes between nations can be referred. There is no power to compel nations to take their difficulties to the Hague, but the Court is ready if the nations agree to leave any quarrel to be arbitrated by it. Last week Russian ships fired into a fleet of fishing boats and there was a hot dispute as to what apology and reparation the Russians owed the English. Both nations have agreed to leave it to the Court of the Hague, and so a possible war has been stopped before it began.

## IN OUR OWN COUNTRY.

Fire at Shelbyville, Ind., destroyed property worth \$75,000.

New York's big subway has been thrown open to the public.

Bettors in New York are offering four to one in favor of Roosevelt.

Former Gov. George K. Nash, of Ohio, dropped dead in his bath room.

A grain elevator containing 370,000 bushels of barley collapsed at Buffalo, N. Y., entailing a loss of \$350,000.

The fourth trial of former Mayor Ames, of Minneapolis, on the charge of "grafting," resulted in a disagreement.

President Roosevelt issued a proclamation setting apart Thursday, November 24, as a day of thanksgiving.

The report of the Commissioner of Education shows the attendance at the public schools of the United States in 1903 to have been 19,065,461.

Dan Patch never lost a race, and at eight years old holds the half-mile record, 1:50; mile pacing record, 1:50; mile to wagon, 1:57; mile to two mile record, 4:17, and other records.

Americans are eating less pork. In 1850 one hundred Americans ate in a year, on an average, 94 sheep, 118 hogs, 25 cattle. In 1900 only 50 sheep, 43 hogs and 20 cattle, but more breadstuffs, vegetables and fruit.

At the World's Fair the Baldwin airship made another successful flight at an altitude of 1,600 feet, the time consumed being thirty-six minutes. The vessel landed on the exact spot selected by the navigator, and the enthusiasm of the spectators exceeded that of the previous day.

## COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY.

Mrs. Phoebe Ann Hager, mother of State Auditor Hager, is dead.

Civil Service examinations for a number of nice positions will be held next month in Louisville.

The Court of Appeals has decided that the Louisville College of Pharmacy is exempt from taxation.

On motion of Republican representatives, forty-two registrations were marked doubtful in Louisville.

The monument erected over the grave of Capt. Ed Porter Thompson at Frankfort will be unveiled with appropriate ceremonies November 3.

The Kentucky Synod of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church adjourned at Paducah to meet next year at Greenville.

Lexington was chosen for the location of the proposed Widows and Orphans' Home by the Grand Lodge of Knights of Pythias in session at Franklin.

## ELECTION NOVEMBER 8th.

### Every Voter a Juror!

This is what our Country says:

You are a voter. Your country has brought you up, given you a chance, protected you, and now she asks you to protect her.

Your vote is not something which you have a right to sell, or use for your own benefit. Your country asks you to help decide what is best for her, for all the people, for your children. You are not to vote for any friend, for any party, but for the welfare of all the people, that means for your Country.

A President is to be elected to serve this country for the next four years. It will be Theodore Roosevelt or Alton B. Parker. Your country asks you to hear both sides, ask God to guide you, use your best judgment as a man should do under oath on a jury, and decide which of these men would do your country the most good. That is your right and your duty when you go alone into the election booth next Tuesday to put your mark under the log-cabin or the rooster. VOTE FOR THE GOOD OF YOUR COUNTRY.

## Another Campaign Meeting.

In accordance with previous notice, Hon. J. L. McCoy, of Lexington, addressed an audience in the Tabernacle, in the afternoon of the 1st inst. A goodly number of citizens were present, and the interest was well sustained. Prof. Dodge, as chairman, spoke for fifteen minutes, complimenting the patriotism of our fellow-citizens of all parties, but recounting the triumphs of the Republican party in the face of Democratic opposition. Mr. McCoy was then introduced, and spoke an hour and a quarter. His remarks were conciliatory and well calculated to win over opponents. He said that President Roosevelt is himself the chief issue this year, and he answered the objections to Roosevelt in a most convincing and eloquent manner.

## Election Returns.

There will be a meeting in the Tabernacle Tuesday night at 8:30, for receiving election returns. Awaiting later despatches speeches will be made by Dr. Hubbell, Prof. Dodge, Prof. Marsh, and others. Social privileges will be granted. Admission 5c.

## For Sale.

Nice clover hay, horse. Horse cured. Delivered in Berea for 50c. a hundred, when not less than 1 ton is purchased.

Also 1905 bales of nice timothy hay, about 1/2 clover.

For further particulars address: S. C. TRIMMER, Berea, Ky.



A man may smile and be a villain, but he cannot hold his job as one on the stage if he does.

A man feels complimented to be called a "sly dog," but just try "deceitful puppy" on him once.

Gray hair is seldom caused by intellectual effort.

One peculiarity about money is that it takes so much longer to earn it than it does to spend it.

All fruits and vegetables taste so strongly of money these days that it really takes away one's appetite.



A baby does not see why any one else should want to sleep when it is not sleepy.

Some women never celebrate their birthday until they can invite their grandchildren.

## DISENCHANTED

(Original.)

I fell in love with the name of Cyril St. Cyr, the great actor, as soon as I heard it. Soon after, my fiance, George Marsh, took me to see him play.

St. Cyr took the part of a civil engineer upon whose management rested a great enterprise. The thoughtful expression of his face, his noble brow, his massive head, were all well fitted to the part. He was not only "star" in name, but in reality. The whole play hung upon him.

I sighed when I left the theater. Cyril St. Cyr and George Marsh—there was as much difference in the men as in the names. George was a good fellow, had been graduated with honors at college and was a gentleman, but he was not Cyril St. Cyr.

Within two weeks I had seen St. Cyr play three times. While George's photograph, prettily framed, decorated my dressing case St. Cyr's was in my handkerchief case, where no eye but mine ever saw it and from which I took it many times during the day and every night before going to bed to gaze on it rapturously. Week after week Cyril St. Cyr grew more splendid; week after week George Marsh more commonplace. It was plain to me that I had made a mistake. I was of an artistic temperament, and George was a business man. With me the world was art, not business; with George it was business, not art, and when he claimed that the two were incompatible I mentioned St. Cyr and the money he coined every night.

One evening my dream received a shock. At dinner several people were discussing the great actor.

"Everything about him," said a lady, "is artistic, even to his name."

"His name?" said one of the men.

"St. Cyr isn't his name. He's Thomas Branagan Murphy."

I gave a gasp and looked for some one to refute the statement as a base allegation, but no one seemed to think there was anything improbable or unusual in it. When I looked at my treasure that night I put it back into my handkerchief case disappointed.

There were the same noble expression, lofty brow and massive head, but somehow they did not fit Thomas Branagan Murphy.

One evening George came in hurriedly and asked me to get ready at once to go to the theater. He had made the acquaintance of St. Cyr, and we were to go behind the scenes. I flew upstairs and down again, my heart throbbing like a kettledrum.

We were at the theater half an hour or more before the play began and went directly to the stage door. We were admitted on George's sending in a card and asked to come to Mr. St. Cyr's dressing room. At the door we were given chairs while some one was inside with the actor. The door was open, and we could hear what was said.

"I have considered your proposition to write me up," said the humorous voice of St. Cyr, "and accept it provided you permit me to do the writing myself. Here is what I have written:

"Cyril St. Cyr, the greatest living actor, owes his success to his natural adaptation for his work. There is nothing artificial about him. In private life he is the character of the modest, brainy engineer he personates."

I heard no more of this, which was already sufficient to destroy my dream of that sublime modesty I had seen in my adored one. I fancied George was watching me and took out my handkerchief to conceal a blush in my cheeks, muttering something about a stuffy atmosphere. Presently a man

came out, folding up a paper, and hurried away. Another came to the door and said in St. Cyr's voice:

"Come in, Mr. Marsh. I have five minutes before I begin to dress."

This wasn't St. Cyr. It couldn't be St. Cyr. St. Cyr was a god. This man was an ordinary creature as I ever saw. The noble brow was a bald dome; the massive head was the shape of a football; the ears stuck out like those of an ape. His body was thick; his legs were thin. He was Murphy. I will never call him St. Cyr again. He put out a big red hand to me, then banded me a seat and said to George:

"You won't mind if I make up my head and face, will you?"

George assured him that we would not, and, sitting on a stool before a mirror, he put on a whole head, hair and all, slipped springs over his ears, then covered his pug nose with a Roman. This done, he took up paint brushes and began to blend the artificial with the natural. As he worked he talked.

"Fine line of business we're doing, Mr. Marsh. The secret of my success is knowing how to do it. Most young people who go on the stage waste a lot of time blundering about art. It isn't art; it's business. The only art in it is to fool the public, especially the silly young. There's the letters I got today," pointing, "from young ladies who admire this stuffed head. Don't open any more. But I like to get 'em. I never knew a great run without 'em."

When he came to a pause I told George I couldn't stand the air in there and asked him to take me out. At the stage door I told him I didn't want to stay for the play. We got into the carriage, and George told the coachman to drive home. As soon as we were seated I saw that George was laughing.

"Don't fancy, sweetheart," he said, "that I haven't noticed your infatuation. It has cost me cigars and liquor for a week spent on Murphy to secure the privilege of taking you to see him as he is."

I am now Mrs. Marsh and perfectly satisfied with my husband.

ALICE HUNT.

## Humor and Philosophy

By DUNCAN M. SMITH

Copyright, 1904, by Duncan M. Smith.

## THE SPRINKLING CART.

The time now approaches when one may expect the days to get awfully hot. You then from your wardrobe with great care select the alfred things you have got. And when you have dreamed with immaculate care the sprinkling cart man will compel you to wear.

You start in the morning must jauntily clad. You're fresh and spry as you please. The birds sweetly sing and all nature is glad. You're happy and quite at your ease. Then fizz and kerplash—you are maddened at once. You are sprinkled and splashed by that water cart duncie!

The man is no duncie, though he's wickedly wise. He sits there as silent as death. He never looks up, neither does there arise.

"Any sign that he's drawing his breath? But just as you pass him he suddenly wakes. A different look quickly your linen suit takes.

He just seems to know when you're dressed for a call. And slips up behind in so quiet a way. Before you can dodge him he's sprinkled you all. Completely and drenched you and driven away.

You swear you will kill him; you don't, though, because. For some unknown reason it's 'gainst the state laws.

## A Business Head.

"No," said the beautiful girl, "I can never marry you. I am promised to another."

Norman Forsythe bowed his head in silent anguish. He loved the beautiful girl. For months it had been his ambition to make her his wife. But it was only for a moment. Then he stood erect, his eyes blazing with suppressed fury. "Who is this man?" he asked fiercely. "Where is he? I shall kill him. Nothing shall come between us."

"Would you really kill him?" asked the girl without betraying alarm.

"I would," he replied.

"I have half a notion to marry you if you would promise to do the job afterward," she said.

"Do you fear this man?" he asked, hope springing in his heart like weeds in an onion bed.

"Oh, no," she replied.

"Then why should I kill him after we were married?"

"I only wanted you to try, because you would never come back alive and we could have quite a start in life on your life insurance."

## What He Overlooked.

"Adam certainly was no financier."

"What did he overlook?"

"When he proposed to Eve, if he had had the proposal copyrighted see what royalties his descendants could be drawing."

## Just In His Line.

"Why did they hire a blacksmith for a dramatic critic?"

"He is so adept in the use of the hammer."

## Cannot Afford To Lose

HAVE you deeds, mortgages, insurance policies, or other papers that you do not care to lose? If so we advise you to rent one of our safe deposit boxes in our fire proof vault. These safes will take care of your papers, jewelry and etc. The Safe costs you only two dollars a year. Come in and see them.

## THE

## BEREA BANKING COMPANY.

J. J. MOORE, President.

W. H. PORTER, Cashier.

## RICHMOND GREENHOUSES!

Phone 188.

Richmond, Ky.

Cut Flowers,

Designs and

Blooming Plants.

You may have the best goods and cheapest bargains in the county, but if no one ever heard of your store or your bargains what would your brains and hard work amount to? The newspaper is the best means of putting your name before the public. Among the top-notchers as result bringers is found THE CITIZEN.

## THE HOUSECLEANING SEASON

Is here, and every housewife wants one or more pieces of new

FURNITURE, CARPET or MATTING.

## Take a Look Through Our Stock

It will surprise you how well and how reasonably we can supply your wants.

IF IT'S FROM US, ITS GOOD.

New Florence Drop Top Ball Bearing Sewing Machines, \$25, \$30 and \$35, worth \$50, \$60 and \$65.

## CRUTCHER & EVANS.

Joplin's Old Stand, Richmond, Ky., Day Phone 73; Night Phone 47-66.

## This Week

is a special one with us, because the beginning of a new school year means the finding of many new friends. In anticipation of a pleasant year's trade we call your attention to our especially attractive bargains in

Ladies' Hose and Vests, Our large opening in fall and winter hats, Ribbons in College colors, Handkerchiefs, etc., and other things feminine.

Mrs. Bettie Mason,  
Main St., Berea, Ky.

## East End Drug Co.

DEALERS IN PURE DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

See our 5c. and 10c. counter

—A WONDER OF GLASS—WORK.

Come and look at the nicest line of QUEEN'S WARE ever in Berea.

We also carry a nice line of FRESH GROCERIES and STAPLE ARTICLES at the lowest prices.

CALL AND SEE US.

PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY.

H. C. WOOLF, Prop.



# THE CITIZEN.

JAMES M. RACER, Publisher.

BREWER, KENTUCKY.

## THEIR LITTLE GIRL.

### CANTO THE FIRST.

How lonesome-like and still it seems  
Since she ain't here no more;  
I never knew how big a place it was she  
filled before;  
I miss the songs, too, that she sung, and  
how she moaned around  
As best as though we'd wear and put our  
girt down in the ground  
And away—  
It all seems long ago and yet it was only  
yesterday.

How proud and glad he seemed to be  
When it was done at last  
And they were man and wife and by a  
lovin' bond held fast,  
And she looked up at him and smiled,  
and, for as I could see,  
Appeared to have clean plump forgot  
about her ma and me,  
Shed only eyes for him, she left us  
standin' lonely there.  
As long as he was by her side I guess  
she didn't care.

And yet to think how once she'd put her  
head again my breast  
And tell me I would always be the one  
she'd love the best!  
She'd never go away, she said, unless I  
went along,  
And Sunday mornin' often she would  
wake me with a song,  
And oh how well I mind the day she  
came to make me glad—  
I see her still just as she lay a-sleepin' at  
her dad.

How proud we was—her ma and me—  
When she commenced to creep,  
And how we'd huddle out of bed if she  
would ever sleep,  
And how we watched and how we prayed  
through many, many a night,  
And how we worked and saved and  
planned to make her burdens light,  
All here we are alone, she's gone! Some-  
how it seems as though  
Instid of startin' yesterday she'd left us  
years ago.

She looked back smiling when she went—  
I seen 'er through my tears—  
It kind of gladness days ahead are long  
and lonely years;  
The house seems big and dark, the sun,  
I'd almost swear, has faded,  
The light things up the way it done be-  
fore she started East;  
So here's the end of all the dreams that  
made us glad before;  
The little girl the good Lord sent belongs  
to us no more.

### CANTO THE SECOND.

I made a slight mistake, it seems, a lit-  
tle while ago;  
When she got married and when ma  
moaned around and took it so  
Aw—thought we'd lost our girl, we  
thought, the day she went away,  
She'd never more be livin' here a-singin'  
till she was gay;  
But she's come back, and she's here, too;  
It seems he lost his job,  
And goin' the restin' he kind of—Gee up!  
Go long there, Bob;  
—S. L. Kiser, in Chicago Record-Herald.

## Our Mysterious Passenger.

BY ROBERT DAWSON RUDOLF.

THE last whistle had gone, the good-  
byes had all been said and the lit-  
tle tender, the final link between us  
and Old England, was edging away  
from our side. The great screw was  
changing away at quarter speed and  
we were slowly gliding down the river  
Meusey when a little steam launch  
ousted after us and, bringing up along-  
side, allowed a man with a small bag  
in his hand to leap on to the slimy  
platform, which was grudgingly low-  
ered for him from the great ship's  
side. "The proverbial late passenger,"  
grumbled the old stagers, and then dis-  
appeared below to arrange their cabins  
before dinner; while the green ones  
stayed on deck and watched the low  
shores gradually disappear in the dis-  
tance and gathering gloom.

I myself belonged to the former  
class of passengers and soon, having  
donned a slouch cap, made my way  
to the smoking room where, during  
the many voyages which I had to make,  
most of my waking hours were wont  
to be spent. But quick as I was in  
getting there, the late passenger had  
already put in an appearance, and soon  
he and I were talking away and dis-  
cussing the last news, which we would  
have for some days—nothing of im-  
portance certainly; a small railway  
accident, a bank robbery and a  
mysterious murder were the chief items  
which the papers spread through many  
columns. As regards the last item, the  
rumor was that the murderer had been  
tracked to Liverpool and it was sus-  
pected that he would try to get away  
by one of the outward-bound vessels.  
"By Jove, I hope he is not on board  
here," exclaimed my companion, as he  
rang for drinks and proffered me a  
second cigar.

While traveling and nixing with my  
fellow men have made me very chary  
of voluble strangers, but this man  
seemed to be an exception and, before  
we had been talking for an hour, we  
were the best of friends and had  
exchanged cards and found mutual  
acquaintances which made us remark,  
as people always do on such occasions,  
that the world was small.

J. A. SMITH,

Representing  
James Brown & Son,  
Wholesale Provision Merchants,  
London.

was the inscription on his card. It  
seemed that he had decided at the very  
last moment to cross by this boat to  
Canada and had not even had time to  
get a ticket at the office. This it was  
that I proposed that he should occupy  
the spare berth in my cabin and  
hunting up the purser, we soon ar-  
ranged this and also for seats at the  
same table in the saloon.

My new friend was a neatly dressed

man of perhaps 40 years of age of  
medium height, with curly brown hair  
and a keen searching eye, which gave  
one the impression that he was "all  
there."

At dinner he proved to be the life  
of our table and this first meal, which  
as a rule is a thing to be dreaded,  
owing to the suspicious reserve of the  
average Britisher on such occasions,  
passed off with much merriment, of  
which Smith was the center. After-  
wards in the smoking room, his stories  
kept us spellbound for hours and no  
one even proposed cards this first even-  
ing.

Never did I see a man so quick at  
making friends as was this cabin mate  
of mine. Before we had been out three  
days, he knew every male saloon  
passenger intimately and called many  
by their Christian names. He did not  
seem to care much for the society of  
the gentler sex and we all laughed at  
his excuse that he was shy. "Jim  
Smith shy indeed!" We all called him  
Jim Smith by now and some even Jim.  
A more open-handed fellow it would  
be hard to find and he never seemed  
to take offense at the free way in which  
his generosity was abused by some of  
the shabbier passengers. He would  
bring a whole box of cigars up to the  
smoking-room and give them away in  
handfuls. While not averse to a game  
of cards, his chief amusement seemed  
to be talking, and when the rest of the  
smoking-room habitués were deep in  
poker, he would as often as not take  
up with one of the quieter passengers  
and sit talking, or would walk the  
deck with him for hours.

The weather had been fine so far,  
but there are always some people who  
are sea-sick however calm it be, and  
there were several such on board.  
Smith made some excuse about perhaps  
knowing some of the invalids to hunt  
them up in their cabins, one by one.  
There he would stay by the hour, pre-  
scribing champagne and generally ac-  
cusing the good Samaritan to these nee-  
dled ones.

The intermediate passengers next  
began to enjoy his friendship, and for  
a day or two he charmed them as he  
had done us. Intermediate passen-  
gers are usually rather sensitive about  
their position and think that the saloon  
ones are "eldest," as there is not  
usually much intercourse between the  
classes; but here was a gentleman  
after their own hearts and they wel-  
comed him with enthusiasm. But they  
did not please him as much as he did  
them and soon he deserted them for  
the steerage. I attempted to remon-  
strate with him one evening, as we  
were going in to dinner and he had  
been forward the whole day, but only  
got snubbed for my pains. Soon the  
sailors were his chums and then the  
stokers; he would be down in the  
stoke-holds for hours, taking a hand  
as he laughingly told me, and certainly  
getting very dirty. This was the last  
straw and the saloon passengers sent  
a deputation to the captain, and I  
gladly joined it, requesting that Mr.  
Smith should not be permitted to enter  
the saloon if he should persist in get-  
ting dirty "for'd." The captain sent  
for the accused, and his very appear-  
ance condemned him as he emerged  
from a companion-way leading from  
the stoke-hole and slouched aft, dirty,  
ill-dressed and hang-dog looking.  
What a change since the first day,  
when he had captured us by his charm  
of person and conversation! The cap-  
tain's remonstrance only called forth  
an indignant reply to the effect that  
the stokers were a better lot of men  
than all the rest of us put together.

Nothing remained but for us to put  
him "into Coventry," and this we did  
most thoroughly. I moved to another  
cabin and the seat on either side of  
him at table became vacant. At each  
meal he would appear, eat silently and  
then at once go for'd again. As if to  
complete his descent in the social scale,  
he became especially attached to a  
down-draft rascal of a stoker and the  
two were inseparable. One day this  
scoundrel refused to carry out some  
order and, on his being pressed to do  
so, struck the officer on duty with a  
shovel. He was at once arrested and  
put in irons. Smith was indignant,  
but could do nothing, nor could he  
get a sympathetic ear when he tried to  
defend his shady friend.

About the time that the Canadian  
coast first came into view a rumor was  
started, no one knew by whom, that  
this versatile man, this J. A. Smith as  
he called himself, might be the mur-  
derer, who was expected to have es-  
caped from Liverpool by one of the  
outward bound vessels on the day that  
we left. Some one reminded the smoke-  
room audience that the fellow had  
boarded us after the police officer, who  
had looked through the ship, had left  
on the tender. A large reward had  
been offered, so the last papers said,  
to anyone who would give information  
which would lead to the villain's arrest,  
and it was interesting to note what a  
run there was on these week-old  
papers. One man—an old Jew—was  
seen cutting out the meager description  
of the wanted fugitive. Certainly this  
description might have been of Smith,  
but equally so of half a dozen other  
men on board, so indefinite was it.

More than ever, if possible, we avoid-  
ed the man. Some were for having  
him arrested at once, but a lawyer  
amongst us voiced the general opinion  
that this was out of the question and,  
besides, he was safe enough whilst  
mills of ocean rolled between us and  
the nearest shore.

This was the state of things on the

morning when we were halted by the  
pilot. Many were the speculations as  
to whether the authorities at home  
could have tracked the murderer by  
now, and whether an officer would not  
be on board the pilot boat to arrest  
him. But no, only the weather-beaten  
old man, whom I had often seen be-  
fore, scrambled up the side. He brought  
off with him a bundle of news-  
papers which we were soon eagerly

perusing, but nothing much had hap-  
pened in the eight days during which  
we had been lost to the world. A few  
lines in a Canadian paper said that the  
murderer had been tracked to Liver-  
pool, but we knew that much already  
and thought that we knew a great deal  
more.

The captain wanted to put a couple  
of stowaways ashore by the pilot boat,  
one of them being the refractory sec-  
ter, but Smith made such an uproar  
about this, saying that he would go  
with his friend and would write to the  
papers, so that the "old man" would  
give in and start for home. Quebec.  
Some hinted that the captain did not  
want to lose Smith and the possible re-  
ward for the detection of the murderer.  
We reached Quebec, late at night  
and a cold night at that. The stow-  
aways were at once ordered on shore  
and again Smith raised a hubbub  
about such cruelty. "Well, anyhow,  
if the stoker must go then he would go  
with him and he should have his top-  
coat." We watched the strange couple  
go down the gangway arm and  
arm, and an out-and-out pair of rascals  
they looked. "But Smith must be the  
wanted man all the same," someone  
was muttering, when, hullo! what is  
happening?—a scuffle on the wharf  
and several loafers there are all grab-  
bing the stoker at once, while Smith  
stands aside from his quondam friend  
and coolly lights a cigarette, a smile  
of quiet triumph the while spreading  
over his face and chasing away from it  
the rascally hang-dog look which it had  
worn for days.

We watched the stoker dragged,  
struggling and horror-stricken, to a  
police van which was waiting near by,  
and then Smith, heaving what looked  
like a sigh of contented relief, stepped  
smiling up the gangway again into  
our midst.

He made straight for the captain,  
who stood as one dazed, and the two  
disappeared into the latter's cabin, but  
before long emerged laughing and the  
best of friends. Then Smith mixed  
with the passengers, all of his old cheer-  
ful manner once more upon him, and  
soon we learned the truth of his  
strange doings.

It seems that he was a detective  
officer of well-known Scotland Yard  
repute. The authorities in London  
had learned, as we had already heard,  
that the murderer of whom we had  
read had got as far as Liverpool  
and they thought that he would try  
to escape on one of the three vessels  
sailing when we did. So an officer  
was ordered to board each of the  
three steamers, and thus Detective  
Officer Robinson (alias J. A. Smith)  
traveled with us. He did not know  
whether his quarry was on board at  
all; much less did he know in what  
capacity he would travel, and hence he  
decided to make the acquaintance of  
every man on board, hoping thus to  
come across his man. It will be re-  
membered that the authorities had only  
the most meager knowledge of the  
murderer's appearance. We had been  
at sea for nearly a week and he had  
suspected several of the passengers,  
myself amongst the number so he  
said, before he came across the stow-  
away who was working as a stoker.  
Him he spotted in some way and from  
that moment stuck to him, as we had  
seen. At the pilot station he was  
afraid that he was going to lose him,  
but, as we saw, persuaded the captain  
to take him on to Quebec and himself  
sent a cypher message to the police at  
that port to be waiting for us.

When asked why he had not arrested  
him as soon as he had recogniz-  
ed him, he replied that he had made  
friends with him instead and had thus  
extracted much evidence of the man's  
guilt.

How he soothed the ruffled feelings  
of the "old man" for not having con-  
fided in him we never heard, but he  
somehow succeeded thoroughly, and as  
he shook hands all round and went  
ashore for the second time, we raised  
a cheer for our friend "Jim Smith,"  
who had suffered so much at our  
hands.

He left Quebec that night on an

outward-bound mail steamer for Liver-  
pool with his man, and we heard  
some time later that the murderer was  
convicted and hanged for the perpetra-  
tion of his dastardly and cold-blooded  
crime as had occurred in recent years.  
—Canadian Magazine.

### Total of a Widow.

"The widow," said I. W. Read, of  
Nashville, "furnishes the most de-  
lightful study to the observer of the  
tricks and manners of human beings."  
"One summer," he continued, "in a  
rambling manner, I was spending  
some time at White Sulphur Springs,  
Va.—I only tell this as an illustration  
of the acumen and intelligence of the  
genius widow—and one afternoon a  
handsome young woman and her little  
6-year-old son sat near me on the veranda. The little fellow trotted up  
to me and I patted him on the head.  
"What's your name?" he asked.  
"I told him."  
"Is you married?" he inquired.  
"No, I'm not," I replied.  
"Then the child paused a moment  
and, turning to his mother, said:  
"Mama, what else did you tell me to  
ask him?"—Louisville Herald.

### His Customs.

A short while ago, a tradesman,  
noted for his business integrity or  
honesty, called upon an accountant to  
examine his books before filing his  
petition in bankruptcy. The account-  
ant, after going through the accounts,  
found that the assets were only suffi-  
cient to pay the creditors three shil-  
lings in the pound, and he upbraided  
his client with the fact. The trades-  
man's startling reply was: "Well, I  
have always been able to pay my live  
bills in the pound before, so I  
will make up the difference out of my  
own pocket."—Smith's Weekly.



### APPLE-TIME.

We let loves to go to gran'ma's  
Apple time.  
When the trees are loaded awful  
An' we climb.  
'N' get 'em all the beauties,  
An' to climb.  
Up 'fore day to help 'em gather—  
Awful fun!  
Gret' big Baldwin, yellow Milas,  
Sour reds,  
'N' when we are extry beauties,  
We let grab!  
Apple, 'n' apple-dumplin's  
Cher, too!  
'N' we have to have a doctor  
'Fore we're through.  
We let loves to go to gran'ma's,  
An' to climb.  
When the trees are loaded awful,  
Apple-time  
—St. Nicholas.

### LAPPS ARE INDEPENDENT.

Nominally They Are Subjects of the  
Czar, Virtually They Are Free  
as the North Wind.

In the Russian empire is a race of  
people who are supposed to be under  
the czar's rule, but who are practi-  
cally independent, for the simple reason  
that the Russian soldiers cannot get  
at them. Everybody has heard of  
Lapland, in northern Europe, but  
there are two kinds of Lapland. One  
is on the very edge of the continent,  
in a country so barren and desolate  
that about the only living creatures in  
it are the reindeer on which the  
northern Lapp exists, the wolves,  
which live on the reindeer, and the  
Lapp himself.

In this territory, says the New York  
Tribune, the herder Lapps roam at  
will. The country is more passable in  
winter than in summer, for it is tra-  
versed by numerous rivers and marsh-  
es, which can be crossed only when  
frozen over, unless the traveler carries  
his boat on his back. But with the  
coming of winter the Lapps utilize the  
ice-bound rivers as thoroughfares in  
their travels. They know the best  
foraging grounds and the places where  
shelter may be afforded for a week's



THE HOME OF A LAPP.

encampment. The resting places of  
these nomads within the arctic circle  
depend upon the moss patches the  
fool of the reindeer. When it has  
been eaten off the ground they must  
strike camp and go elsewhere. As a  
herd of 100 deer will soon strip half a  
dozen acres of the moss growth, it  
does not take long for them to eat up  
everything around the settlement,  
even the shoots of the birch and wil-  
low trees, as far as they can reach.  
So away goes the band, and the place  
may be deserted for several years.  
As it requires three or four seasons for  
the moss again to spread over the  
ground from which it has been eaten  
this is why the Lapp wanders  
through valley and over plain, as does  
the tribesman of the desert. He must  
move to live, but this sort of life has  
sharpened his wits, and he is as  
shrewd at driving a bargain as the  
poorly Yankee or Scotchman.

It is not strange that the aged  
women are ugly when it is remem-  
bered that years of bending over the  
fireplace with the inevitable pipe have  
smoked them within and without al-  
most into living mummies. When  
placed in her pulch during the fam-  
ily migration, grandmother is as bur-  
ied in furs as the youngest baby, and  
when the tent is put up at the new en-  
campment she is the first to be car-  
ried in. The fact is that the true Lapp  
looks after his old better than his  
young. He may be a thief, liar and  
vagabond, but this can be set down  
to his credit. After the aged come  
the reindeer, then the younger women  
and children.

The average Lapp of the north  
country hies water as much as a cat  
does. Such a thing as a wash is al-  
most unknown. In the winter fam-  
ilies of a dozen or more live in their  
little snow-covered huts, crowded to-  
gether like ardeines in a can. The wa-  
ter they need for cooking and drink-  
ing comes from the snow, and fuel is  
so scarce that the idea of melting  
snow for bathing would be considered  
a crime. Consequently when spring  
comes they leave their tents with  
their skins reared the color of leather  
than a human tint—the results of  
combining dirt and smoke. The Es-  
quimaux has been called the dirtiest  
race on earth, but it is a question if  
the Lapp cannot give an Esquimaux  
points and beat him in this respect.

### LAZIEST PEOPLE ON EARTH

They Live on the Gold Coast of West  
Africa and Are Known as  
the Fantis.

In most civilized countries laziness is  
looked upon as a vice. If a man does not  
work neither shall he eat, is the rule in  
such nations. But in tropical lands,  
where nature is very kind, food can al-  
most always be had for the mere gather-  
ing. This will explain why the Fantis,  
of the west African Gold Coast, will not  
work. A penny a day will enable a Fant  
to live like a fighting cock. Why, there-  
fore, should he distress himself? If he  
wants any little extra, such as tobacco



CARRIED THE BARROWS ON THEIR  
HEADS.

or strong drink, it is even then hardly  
necessary that he should work for it, for  
there is no tax on his wife. He believes in  
a fair division of labor—the wife earns the  
living, and he consumes it. A hundred  
Fantis will do less than a dozen English  
navvies, and do it badly without a white  
overseer. Under a Fant overseer, they  
soon begin to shirk the work and the  
basking in the sun, and by and by the  
overseer joins them. Every burden is  
carried on the head. Set them to carry  
stones from a heap and they will carry  
them one by one on their head, walking to  
and fro no matter what the distance.  
A contractor for some building at Cape  
Coast introduced wheelbarrows. The  
Fantis rose to the occasion. They  
carried the barrows on their heads!

### PUG DRESSED LIKE A BABY

How Teddie's Mistress Managed to  
Carry Him Back and Forth  
on Street Cars.

This is a real true dog story.  
He is a pug, and a great pet of his mis-  
tress, who is very fond of his fine ped-  
igree. One day she discovered that Ted-  
die could not see as well as usual. She  
felt as sad as if he were a brother or sis-  
ter, and a famous oculist was consulted,  
who told her to bring her pet dog to him.  
They started, but a great obstacle pre-  
sented itself. Conductor after conductor  
insisted that the dog should not ride  
on his car, so it was only after getting  
on and off about a dozen times that the  
doctor's office was reached.

Teddie was as quiet as could be while  
having his eyes examined, and his mis-  
tress was told she must bring him every  
day for a month, and all would be done  
for him that was possible. So Teddie's  
mistress went to a neighbor who had a  
small baby, and borrowed an outfit that  
was not too dainty. Teddie kept very  
quiet while being dressed in the long  
white dress, then a cloak and muslin  
cap, and over the face a long white veil.  
Thus they started. Immediately upon  
entering a car, if it was filled, up would  
jump a man to give the lady carrying a  
little baby a good seat. Teddie never  
wagged his little curled-up tail once,  
neither did he even bark.

Each day the trip was taken with the  
same result—a good seat and a very  
quiet baby.  
One day the doctor's office was filled  
with people waiting their turn, when a  
lady turned politely to Teddie's mistress  
and said: "My turn comes next, but I  
will wait for you on account of your  
baby. It is so very tiresome to wait with  
a baby."

The doctor opened his door at that mo-  
ment and called them both in his pri-  
vate office. He said: "I will show you  
the very best patient I have," and took  
Teddie carefully in his arms. He threw  
back the white veil and disclosed the  
dog's little pug nose and pert little face,  
looking out cutely from under the frills  
of the cap.

Teddie can see pretty well out of one  
eye now. His mistress expected a huge  
bill for the expert's service, but instead  
she received a receipted bill from the  
good doctor, with a note saying that as  
Teddie was the first patient he had ever  
treated of royal dog blood, he esteemed  
it a great honor to have been the means  
of helping him.—Cincinnati Commercial  
Tribune.

### Japanese Village in Volcano.

A little Japanese village, 30 miles  
from the town of Kinnamoto, is situ-  
ated in the crater of a volcano, which  
may some day become active again.  
The village, lying 900 feet below the  
top of the volcano, the walls of which  
are very steep, is quite hidden from  
sight. Its 2,000 inhabitants seldom  
leave the place.

### Easier.

Rich but Indulgent Uncle—Harry,  
my boy, give me a list of the trades-  
men you owe.  
Spendshrift Nephew—Er—uncle,  
here's a list of the fellows I don't owe.  
—Chicago Tribune.

### The Result.

Johnny—Papa, what does it mean  
when you say a man is good at re-  
partee?  
"It means he hasn't any friends."—  
Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

## LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD.

Time Table in Effect May 1, 1904.

Going North. Train 4, Daily.  
Leave Berea..... 3:48 a. m.  
Arrive Richmond..... 4:12 a. m.  
Arrive Paris..... 5:28 a. m.  
Arrive Cincinnati..... 7:50 a. m.

Going South. Train 5, Daily.  
Leave Berea..... 12:55 p. m.  
Arrive Richmond..... 1:25 p. m.  
Arrive Paris..... 3:18 p. m.  
Arrive Cincinnati..... 6:00 p. m.

Going South. Train 3, Daily.  
Leave Berea..... 11:24 p. m.  
Arrive Livingston..... 12:30 a. m.

Trains No. 1 and No. 5 make con-  
nection at Livingston for Jellico and  
the South with No. 21 and No. 27.

W. H. BOWER, Ticket Agent.



DR. V. H. HOBSON

Dentist

Richmond, Ky.

## MONUMENTS.

Urn, Headstones, Statuary

Granite, and Marble

Work of all kinds done in a  
workmanlike manner at rea-  
sonable prices and with  
dispatch. All work guar-  
anteed by

## GOLDEN & FLORA.

RICHMOND, KY.

Corner of Main and Collins Streets

### One of Many.

H. A. Tisdale, of Sunnerton, S. C.,  
suffered for twenty years with the  
Piles. Specialists were employed  
and many remedies used but relief  
and permanent good was found only  
in DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve.  
This is only one of the many cures  
that have been effected by this won-  
derful remedy. In buying Witch  
Hazel Salve it is only necessary to  
see that you get the genuine De-  
Witt's, made by E. C. DeWitt & Co.,  
in Chicago, and a cure is certain.  
DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures all  
kinds of piles, cuts, burns, bruises,  
eczema, tetter, ringworm, skin dis-  
eases, etc. Sold by East End Drug Co.

## To Citizens of Berea and Vicinity:

My shop is the most complete  
and up to date in this part of the  
State for doing all kinds of

## WATCH and CLOCK WORK, JEWELRY REPAIRING, Etc.

I do work for most prominent  
people of Berea and vicinity.

Work sent to me by mail or express  
will have prompt attention and  
charges paid one way.

## S. G. FRANKLIN.

Mt. Vernon, Ky.

REFERENCE: Bank of Mt. Vernon.

### Saves Two From Death.

"Our little daughter had an almost  
fatal attack of whooping cough and  
bronchitis," writes Mrs. W. K. Hav-  
iland, of Armond, N. Y., "but when  
all other remedies failed, we saved her  
life with Dr. King's New Discovery.  
Our niece, who had Consumption in an  
advanced stage, also used this  
wonderful medicine and to-day she is  
perfectly well." Desperate throat and  
lung diseases yield to Dr. King's  
New Discovery as to no other med-  
icine on earth. Infallible for Coughs  
and Colds. 50c and \$1.00 bottles  
guaranteed by East End Drug Co.  
Trial bottles free.



## The Home

JENNIE LESTER MILL, Editor

### Preventing Fall Colds.

A cold is just as abnormal as a headache or toothache, and is a condition to be prevented rather than remedied.

"I don't see how it's going to be prevented," the person with the annual cold will answer. "Goodness knows I bundle up enough."

Of course he does, and that is one of the troubles. In fact, there are two sure ways of getting a full cold; one is bundling up the shoulders and throat so that they are moist with perspiration and sensitive to every breath of air, and the other is to forget that a cold bath is as much of a luxury in winter as in summer, and much more important to good health in cold weather.

First there is the important task of stimulating the circulation, which can be done by cold baths, proper breathing and exercise, especially tramping. The cold bath is the beginning of good health in frosty weather. It should be of necessity taken in a warm room. If the bathroom or bed room is not heated then use a small gas or oil stove that will heat a small room in five minutes.

Fill a tub half full of distinctly cold water, very cold indeed when you get used to the shock, and if you have sufficient reaction, step at once in the tub, kneel, dash the water about the throat and chest, and the waist, then stand, quickly splash over the hips and legs.

Dry quickly with a crash towel and rub with alcohol.

To insure the water quickly opening the pores, and starting the circulation, it must be soft. The best method by softening any water is by using a little pure borax, 4 tea-spoonfuls to half a tub of water. The borax water will not only render water more cleansing, but actually contains properties that are stimulating to the skin, and so beneficial to the circulation.

If there is no tub in the house, then the cold bath must be a sponge. Add one teaspoonful of borax to a pail of cold water, rub dry as the bath progresses and use the alcohol over chest and throat.

It is an excellent plan to do breathing exercises while the bathroom is heating and the tub filling. Throw a woolen bath gown around you, stand erect near an open window, hold the chest high, the spine straight, the hips back, and draw in long slow breaths through the nose and exhale the air as slowly as possible through the mouth.

Five minutes of breathing in this pure air will freshen the lungs, start the blood moving briskly through the veins, and thoroughly prepare one to face a cold plunge without a shudder, and to get full benefit from it.

## The School

JOHN WIRT DINSMORE, Editor

**Teach the News.**—Every enterprising teacher should keep his pupils informed about public events. Talk to them about the World's Fair, teach them the geography of Japan and Russia now that the war is going on there; read them the news on first page of the *Citizen* and explain it. Make them understand the duties of the President and the way in which he is chosen. Tell them the chief acts of Roosevelt, the Freedom of Cuba, the education of the Philippines, the building up of American industries, the new prosperity coming to the South through the Panama canal. For some of these things he is praised, and for some he is blamed, but the children ought to know the facts of history which are taking place in their own days.

### The Two Shores

BY SUSAN COOLIDGE.

Upon the river's brink I stand,  
Beside the rushing water's flow,  
And look from off the shore I know—  
The safe and dear familiar land—  
Into another shore, which lies  
Mist-veiled beneath the rimming skies.  
This is a shore and that a shore.  
Does the earth cease, to rise once more  
Beyond the river's span?

Ah, no; the shores are clasped in one.  
The same firm earth goes on, goes on,  
Though hidden for a little space  
From eye or tread of man.  
Upon another shore we stand,  
Beside darker water's flow,  
And catch beyond the shore I know  
Faint glimpses at another land  
Dreaming in misty, fall-dressed,  
Beyond the rushing river tide.  
It is life here, and life is there,  
We look from far things to most fair;  
The river rolls between.  
But held and bound and clasped in one,  
Immortal life goes on, goes on,  
Though only from the farther stand  
The vision can be seen.

### The Game of the Bird Dealers.

The Game of the Bird Dealers is played as follows: The children stand in a row, leaving two outside. These two represent the bird dealers. Each child represents a bird—one being a crow, another a crane, another a canary, and so on. One bird dealer says to the other:

"I wish to buy a bird."  
"What kind of a bird?" asks the second dealer.

"A bird that can fly fast," says the first dealer.

"Very well," answers the other dealer, "take what you wish."

"Then," says the first dealer, "I will take a robin."

As soon as the word is out of his mouth, the "robin" must leap from the row and run around it to escape. If he catches the bird he puts it into a cage, where it must stay till all the other birds are caught.

## The Farm

WILAS CHEEVER MASON, Editor

Picking up rubbish is in order. Some of this stuff should go to the woodpile, some to the brush pile and some of it should be used to fill old holes and washouts.

Brush piles harbor insects and other pests. Burn these now. The trimmings of the orchards should be got rid of. These old caps and broken dishes are mean things to sit over all winter. Why not pick them up now? More time now than next spring.

Make plans now for fall and winter work. What fences will you move? What corners will you clean out? Some of these old stumps and stones can be removed.

Are you planning for warm quarters for those pigs this winter, or those lambs next spring?

The hen house should be cleaned out now. Get the waste from the hen house out upon the land at once. Then whitewash the house thoroughly upon the inside—upon the outside, too, for that matter, but certainly upon the inside. Hatten up the cracks, mend the roof and plan to have some straw or leaves for them to work in. You can have eggs this winter if you try.

Now, while it is dry, look after the drainage of your barnyard. Don't walk around in the slush this winter, nor make the animals stand knee deep in mud and filth. Some stable floors are damp, slippery and unwholesome. Now is the time to raise and drain them.

### SOME FALL FASHIONS.

The sloping shoulder effect of 1830 Again Coming Into Vogue.

According to the dictum of fashion, square shoulders for women are no longer the thing, and in the new styles is noticeable a tendency to return to the sloping shoulder effect which was fashionable away back in 1830.

The lace bertha illustrated in the 1830 style, with closely fitted shoulders,



THE NEW LACE BERTHA.

ders, and is an Irish point pattern with an introduction of modern grape effect. The sun ray skirt is made with panne yoke, and the waist is plaited and bloused, with embroidered girdle. The collar is of cord passementerie, with two silk tassels in front. This is one of the season's novelties.

The new small fall hat of brown panne velvet, with a knot of brown satin under the brim, is trimmed with fur covered with dotted chiffon.

### It Must Be.

They say that all the world's a stage,  
And it's a fact,  
All girls, regardless of their age,  
Think they can act.

### No Proof There.

"Do you think the good die young?"  
"I doubt it. You look healthy."

### PERT PARAGRAPHS.

Many a woman could make a fortune if she had the face to do it.

## NORTH SEA AFFAIR.

The Negotiations Between British and Russian Governments Progressing Favorably.

### ARE ON THE VERGE OF SETTLEMENT

In Spite of These Pacific Conditions Great Britain on Tuesday Experienced a War Panic.

The Most Extraordinary Feature of This Terrible Scare Is That There Was Not One Single Circumstance to Justify It.

London, Nov. 2.—Negotiations between Great Britain and Russia looking to a settlement of the North sea affair are progressing favorably, and there is not the slightest danger of any friction arising between the two governments. The constitution of the international commission under The Hague convention is on the verge of settlement.

In spite of these pacific conditions Great Britain Tuesday experienced a war panic that can only be compared to the panic created on Sunday, October 23, when the news of the sinking of the trawlers in the North sea was received. Not for years have so many alarmist reports and flaming extras flooded London.

The most extraordinary feature of this scare, which was serious enough while it lasted, is that there was not one single circumstance to justify it.

The excitement started early in the day when the newspapers announced the departure of the Russian Baltic squadron from Vigo. The public were not in possession of the information that the officers concerned in the firing on the British trawlers would be detached, and jumped at the conclusion that Russia had broken faith by not detaching the vessels involved in the affair. On top of this came wild reports of tremendous activity at Gibraltar. Hour by hour the news from Gibraltar became more serious, until at last the climax was reached with the announcement that the British fleet had sailed to meet Rojestvensky's squadron. In huge type the papers made the parallel statements: "The British fleet has sailed for action," "The Russian fleet has sailed."

No newspaper and no person seemed able to explain these events. The reassuring information available in the United States that the sailing of the Baltic squadron from Vigo was with the knowledge of and agreeable to the English government, was not even hinted at by the papers here.

The news from Gibraltar became more and more alarming, and finally the foreign office was overrun by reporters, some of whom brought the rumor that Adm. Boreford had already sunk the remnant of Adm. Rojestvensky's fleet.

Ambassador Benckendorff at that moment was quietly discussing with Foreign Minister Lansdowne the personnel of the international commission, but it was popularly rumored that he was receiving an ultimatum. Premier Haffour, Adm. Sir John Fisher, commander-in-chief at Portsmouth; Lord Selbourne, first lord of the admiralty, and Prince Louis of Battenberg, director of naval intelligence, were all in conference and it was openly hinted that they were planning the first stroke of war. As a matter of fact, like Lord Lansdowne, were engaged in considering names that had been suggested for the international commission.

### SIEGE OF PORT ARTHUR.

The Attack Begun on October 24 Was Still in Progress October 29.

New York, Nov. 2.—Japanese official reports regarding the siege of Port Arthur indicate that the attack begun on October 24 was still in progress on October 29, the statement being made that the fire of the besiegers was increasing in effectiveness.

Nothing of importance has developed on the Sialk river, where both sides seem to hesitate to assume the offensive, although the Japanese are the more active in the matter of attacks upon Russian positions.

Member of the Admiralty Council. St. Petersburg, Nov. 2.—The government has appointed Adm. Hanzakoff a member of the admiralty council, as one of the international commission on the North Sea affair. The name of the second commissioner has not been announced.

Reports Are Without Foundation. San Francisco, Nov. 2.—Felipe Garcia, local consul general of Guatemala, Tuesday received advices from his government to the effect that the recent reports that his country is threatened with a revolution are without foundation.

Russian Chaplain Killed. Berlin, Nov. 2.—A Tangier cable to the Lokal Anzeiger says the chaplain of the Russian cruiser Aurora, who died in a Tangier hospital, was struck by a shell from another Russian vessel during the panic-stricken firing off Hull.

Premier Balfour Indisposed. London, Nov. 2.—It was announced Tuesday night that Premier Balfour is slightly indisposed and will, as a precautionary measure, be confined to the house for a few days. He is suffering from an irritation of a small vein.

## TREATY IS SIGNED.

Arbitration Between the Governments of the United States and France Established.

### IT MEETS WITH WARM APPROVAL

It is Regarded by the French Officials as a Strong Bond Between the Two Republics.

American Ambassador Porter, When Seen, Manifested Heartiest Satisfaction Over Successful Conclusion of Negotiations.

Paris, Nov. 2.—The news of the signing of the arbitration treaty between France and the United States in Washington Tuesday is received here with the warmest expressions of approval, particularly in government circles, where the treaty is regarded not only as a strong bond between the two republics, but also as an important extension of Foreign Minister Delcasse's series of peace treaties. The initiative was taken over a year ago when Baron d'Estournelles de Constant, the leader of the French arbitration movement, wrote to President Roosevelt expressing the hope that the Anglo-French entente might have as a sequel a Franco-American entente. President Roosevelt expressed his hearty approval, saying that Secretary Hay would take up the question. In the meantime Foreign Minister Delcasse and Ambassador Porter went over the subject here and Secretary Hay and Ambassador Jesse had opened preliminary negotiations.

The French officials were favorable throughout and regretted postponement, owing to the question over Spanish ratification. When Ambassador Jusserand was here recently, M. Delcasse again conferred with him on the subject. Since the ambassador's return to Washington reports indicated that former difficulties had been removed, and the news of the signing of the treaty brings the realization of what the officials had long desired.

Ambassador Porter, when seen Tuesday night, manifested the heartiest satisfaction at the successful conclusion of the negotiations. He said that the relations between the United States and France were fortunately so cordial that it was to be hoped the terms of the treaty might never be invoked. However, he added, the document would exercise a highly beneficial influence in giving definite treaty form to the long existing friendship of two governments and peoples.

The public and press strongly approve of the treaty, mainly because of the friendly attitude of France toward the United States and also as another notable achievement of M. Delcasse, whose recent pacific influences in the Anglo-Russian crisis have emphasized the benefit resulting from the various ententes he has succeeded in establishing.

### THE LARABEE MURDER.

Six of the Accessories Were Killed By Persian Troops.

Washington, Nov. 2.—Mr. Pearson, United States minister to Persia, Tuesday cabled the state department that he has emphatically reiterated his unequivocal demand for the just and proper punishment of those responsible for the murder of Dr. Larabee, the American missionary. Mr. Pearson also reported that he had just been told by the minister for foreign affairs, who received his information from the crown prince, that six of the accessories to the murder, while endeavoring to escape, were killed Monday afternoon by Persian forces and that the remainder of the gang is being pursued actively by the military. By way of retribution for Larabee's mutilation the Persian military commander had two of the ringleaders decapitated and their heads exposed on bayonets.

Army Transport Sherman Sails. San Francisco, Nov. 2.—The army transport Sherman sailed for Honolulu, Guam and Manila with many cabin passengers, a number of troops, about \$2,000,000 in Philippine pesos and 4,600 tons of supplies for the soldiers in the Philippines.

Monthly Circulation Statement. Washington, Nov. 2.—The monthly circulation statement shows that at the close of business October 31, 1904, the total circulation of national bank notes was \$457,281,500, an increase for the year of \$37,670,817, and for the month of \$1,202,092.

Receipts and Expenditures. Washington, Nov. 2.—The monthly comparative statement of the government receipts and expenditures shows that for the month of October, 1904, the total receipts were \$48,990,608, an increase as compared with October, 1903, of \$2,027,395.

The Mexican Loan. Mexico City, Nov. 2.—Banker Jas. Speyer, of New York, who floated the recent \$40,000,000 gold loan for this government, left here for New York. All the details of the loan have been arranged with Finance Minister Limantour.

Will Cruise in the Mediterranean. Washington, Nov. 2.—The European squadron, which has been visiting English ports for several weeks past, started Monday for Gibraltar and will spend the winter cruising in the Mediterranean.

## NEWS IN KENTUCKY.

### CIVIL ACTIONS DISMISSED.

The Defunct Industrial Mutual Deposit Co. Cases.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 2.—All civil actions against the officers of the defunct Industrial Mutual Deposit Co. to recover funds for the benefit of creditors was dismissed by an agreement with the receivers.

The suits aggregated \$80,000. By the compromise the defendants pay \$7,500 and transfer to the receiver all the claims against the Germania Guaranty Co., of Covington.

The receiver accepted the \$7,500 because the defendants allege that they were insolvent. The same course of procedure will doubtless be adopted as to all other similar companies which went to the wall here three years ago, entailing criminal actions. This does not affect criminal proceedings.

### IMPORTANT DECISION.

First Come, First Served, the Gist of Ruling in Barbour's Case.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 2.—The court of appeals decided that when a man is wounded in one county and dies in another, his slayer must be tried in that one of the two counties the officers of which first arrest him. The suit was brought to decide whether John H. T. Barbour should be tried in Louisville or in Bullitt county. Francis Hagan was shot by Barbour in Bullitt county. He died in Louisville. Hagan was first arrested by Bullitt county officers, and the court here says he must be tried there.

### ACCIDENTALLY WOUNDED.

A Load of Shot Penetrated His Abdomen and He May Die.

Covington, Ky., Nov. 2.—Edward Hollan, aged 14, of Spring Lake, Ky., about 12 miles from Covington, will likely die from a gunshot wound, caused by the accidental discharge of a gun. Hollan was practicing with his new shotgun Tuesday afternoon on his father's farm. Fatigued, he sat down on a log for a rest. He forgot to let down the hammer, and while handling the gun the trigger snapped, the contents of the shell striking him almost full in the stomach. His condition is said to be critical.

### Whisky Firm Bankrupt.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 2.—The firm of L. Oppenheimer & Co., whisky dealers, was adjudged bankrupt by Judge Evans. The voluntary and involuntary petitions were consolidated. The firm went into bankruptcy about two weeks ago, listing liabilities at \$116,000 and assets at \$31,000.

### Live Stock Suffering For Water.

Covington, Ky., Nov. 2.—The scarcity of water throughout Campbell county, due to a long dry period, is causing much suffering to the live stock of farmers. Springs thought to have been overlying have given out for the first time in the memory of the oldest inhabitants.

### Turkeys Are Scarce.

Covington, Ky., Nov. 2.—According to reports received by poultry dealers from their agents in the surrounding states the turkey crop will be unusually small, and a 20-cent-per-pound wholesale market is predicted for Thanksgiving day, Thursday, November 24.

### Young Boy Loses His Leg.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Nov. 2.—Ifug Witt, the 13-year-old son of Sylvester Witt, of this city, while attempting to get on an L. & N. freight train at Casky, fell under the wheels, and his right leg was so badly crushed that amputation was necessary.

### Became Insane in a Depot.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 2.—Mrs. Honora McCarty, wife of Dennis McCarty, became violently insane Tuesday afternoon at the Seventh Street depot, where she and her husband and daughter were to board a train for Covington, their future home.

### Burglars Active in Latonia.

Latonia, Ky., Nov. 2.—Burglars have transferred the scene of action to Latonia. They secured an entrance into the saloon of Henry Denner, in Main street, Monday night by removing a transom. Several other places were robbed.

### Led Him To His Death.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 2.—While Grace Hoskins, 13, was leading her brother Leonard, 10, across the Louisville & Nashville tracks at Ninth and Main streets, the boy was struck by a passenger train and instantly killed.

### Prominent Attorney Expires.

Nicholasville, Ky., Nov. 2.—Ben H. Campbell, aged 67 years, a prominent lawyer, died here after a lingering illness. The funeral services were held Wednesday morning at the home of his brother, H. B. Campbell.

### Young Man Killed By a Train.

Leitchfield, Ky., Nov. 2.—Jas. Smith, aged 23 years, son of Samuel Smith, of near Millwood, was killed by an Illinois Central train two miles south of Millwood. It is thought he went to sleep on the track.

### His Burns Proved Fatal.

Newport, Ky., Nov. 2.—Henry Barker, the 14-year-old boy who was terribly burned near his home Monday night by his clothing catching fire from a bonfire, died Tuesday afternoon.

## SAILED LIKE A BIRD

Second Successful Flight of the Baldwin Airship Under Knabenshue's Guidance Made.

### HE MANEUVERED IT AT WILL.

The Machine Then Descended on the Exact Spot on Which It Was Decided to Land.

Wednesday the Daring Navigator Will Attempt 15 Mile Flight Over a Designated Course, Choice to Be Left to Newspaper Men.

St. Louis, Nov. 2.—A second successful flight of the Baldwin airship was made at the World's fair Tuesday, under the guidance of A. H. Knabenshue, of Toledo, O., who maneuvered the "California Arrow" at will high above the western portion of the exposition grounds and descended in the stadium adjoining the aerial concourse amid the cheering thousands after a flight of 36 minutes.

A light breeze of probably three miles an hour was blowing from the southwest when the "Arrow" was brought out of the aerodrome Tuesday. Knabenshue was instructed by Mr. Baldwin to make a flight of half an hour and to maneuver in the vicinity of the concourse, but in descending to land without the enclosure.

"I'm all ready, start the motor," he said. Baldwin gave the motor wheel a turn and the little engine energetically began its "chug-chug-chug," revolving the propeller fans. Lightly as a bird the airship rose above the heads of the cheering spectators, gracefully cleared the high fence and proceeded due north mounting higher and higher each instant. After reaching an altitude of about 300 feet Knabenshue waved his cap to the spectators and then swept his rudder to veer the "Arrow" to the south. Almost before the rudder had completed the turn the "Arrow" began responding, and slowly swung around in a circle until the prow pointed to the southwest against the wind. Then Knabenshue tilted the "Arrow" upward and began ascending. His course was directly across the concourse and his movements were plainly discernible. He peered closely into the motor, which seemed to have suddenly died down and began working at the controlling lever. After a moment the propeller seemed to gain renewed energy and the propeller revolved with speed. The young aeronaut then threw out some ballast and sand and stood toward the rear of the framework, tilting the prow upward at a greater angle. Like a bird the "Arrow" shot toward the zenith until an altitude of probably 1,600 feet had been reached.

Then Knabenshue headed directly for the southwest, breasting the wind. Then he made a complete turn and came directly back over the concourse. Once more he turned and proceeded to the southeast. Then the airship pointed toward the southwest and receded in a straight line for a mile. Field glasses brought to bear on the daring navigator showed that he was coolly directing his ship and that all was well. Then the airship circled to the east, turned again to the north, veered to the northwest and at a good speed came back to the vicinity of the concourse.

When almost above the concourse the "Arrow" changed its course again and proceeded directly east for half a mile, then made a turn and retraced until well over the stadium, when it swung to the northwest and proceeded until it had passed almost a mile northwest of the exposition grounds. A turn was then made within a radius of presumably 75 feet and Knabenshue headed toward the east and back over the concourse.

He then performed a series of maneuvers, shooting in one direction for a short distance, turning quickly and shooting off in the opposite direction, traversed a letter "S" course, dipped and came down several hundred feet to the original altitude and completed the series by turning the airship in such a short space that it seemed the vessel swung round on a pivot. Proceeding to the northwest until he had reached about the point of his previous trip in that direction, he turned the airship sharply around, and, he stated later, he pulled the rope that releases the gas. Then he inclined the prow downward and slowly began his descent, all the time proceeding toward the stadium to the southeast. When above the stadium he was probably 600 feet high. This caused him to make a short circle during which the ship descended to within 500 feet of the ground. Knabenshue was then immediately west of the stadium and pointing the prow downward again he steadily descended until the framework was seized by the shouting spectators who had hurriedly thronged the stadium enclosure.

Satisfied with the demonstrations of the airship over short courses during these two trials, inventor Baldwin announced at the conclusion of the flight that Knabenshue will Wednesday undertake a 15 mile flight over a designated course, the choice of the course to be left to newspaper men, and the flight to be made regardless of the wind conditions.

### The Business Section Burned.

Joplin, Mo., Nov. 2.—The business section of Duenweg, Mo., a mining town four miles east of here, was almost totally destroyed Tuesday afternoon.







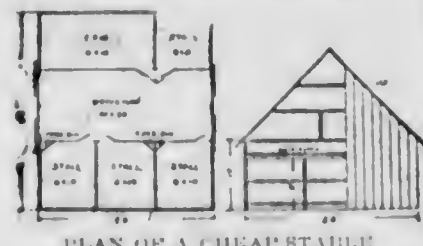
# AGRICULTURAL HINTS

## A HUNDRED-DOLLAR STABLE

Any Farmer Can Build It with Ordinary Tools and Save the Expense of a Carpenter.

The cut gives frame and plan for a building of stable generally used by the small farmers of western Kentucky. The low cost of building is not the only feature that recommends it as it is quite roomy for the amount of material used. Any farmer with ordinary tools can build it and save the expense of a carpenter.

The building is 21x28 feet with 10-foot posts, and 8 feet from left to floor. The inside divisions make four stalls, three 8x10 feet and one 8x8 feet. This leaves a driveway 10x24 feet and a corn crib 8x16 feet. The crib may be divided



PLAN OF A CHEAP STABLE

into feed room and smaller cribs. The foundations are stones set 18 inches in the ground and extend 6 inches above surface, upon which posts are set. Stalls are used only under crib on which floor is laid.

Material required, all rough lumber, costing approximately \$100, is as follows: Twelve pieces 6x6 inch, 10 feet and four pieces 6x6 inch, 8 feet, for posts. There may be made from straight saplings squared with an ax. For stringers, 8 pieces 2x12 inches by 16 feet; 12 pieces 2x12 inches by 10 feet for girders in driveway on which posts rest, 3 pieces 2x8 inches by 10 feet; for ends, 3 pieces 2x6 inches by 16 feet, for joists, 22 pieces 2x4 inches by 16 feet, 11 pieces 2x4 inches by 8 feet, for the plates, 4 pieces 2x4 inches by 16 feet and 4 pieces 2x4 inches by 10 feet, rafters 20 2x6 inches by 18 feet, rafters 15 2x4 inches by 10 feet, roof strips 220 1x3 inches by 12 feet, battens, 104 1x4 inches by 10 feet, and 48 pieces 1x4 inches by 12 feet, box and cover 104 boards 1x12 inches by 10 feet, and 48 boards 1x12 inches by 12 feet; crib floor, 8 boards 1x12 inches by 16 feet. It will require 3,550 shingles laid 5 inches to the weather. This plan is sometimes changed and enlarged to 32x32 feet or 36x40 feet, running driveway lengthwise of stable. In this case middle posts extend to roof—W. J. Prindle, in Farm and Home.

## TAR IN POULTRY HOUSES.

It Is Very Valuable in Many Ways, But More Especially as a Vermin Exterminator.

Poultry breeders seem to have failed to discover the value of tar. It is very useful and valuable in many ways. Some breeders tar their poultry yard fences in preference to whitewashing them, says the Poultry World. Though we do not like to see it done for it gives the surroundings such a gloomy, forbidding look. It undoubtedly contributes largely to the durability of the wood, protecting it from the ravages of storm and time. It is in the poultry house, however, that the value of tar is the greatest, for it conduces greatly toward healthfulness. When that scourge of the poultryman, cholera, makes its appearance, we would advise first a thorough cleaning of the house; next, a generous application of carbolic tar on all the joints, cracks and crevices of the inside of the building, and then plenty of fresh whitewash properly applied. The tar absorbs or drives away the taint of disease, and makes the premises wholesome. The smell is not offensive; in fact, many people like it, and it is directly opposite to unhealthy. To vermin, lice, etc., the smell of tar is very repulsive, and but few will remain after you have tarred the cracks, etc. A friend of ours was once troubled with chicken cholera, and by adopting the above in connection with removing affected fowls, he soon put a stop to the ravages. A small lump of tar in the drinking water supplied to the fowl will be found beneficial, provided it is the Carolina tar, which is very different from other kinds.

## POULTRY YARD PARAGRAPHS.

The dust heap is absolutely necessary for fowls.

Feather pulling is a vice that comes from confinement and idleness.

Allow no filth of any kind to accumulate within reach of the fowls.

Thoroughness in detail in poultry raising is the great secret of success.

Common fowls do not possess the characteristic qualities of thorough-breds.

When fowls are permitted to roost in foul, damp houses it causes droop-bills.

Fowls will eat a great deal of granulated charcoal. As a preventive of disease it is invaluable.

By giving young fowls a free range it will aid materially to develop a strong, healthy constitution.

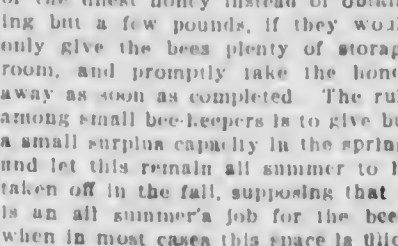
Poultry should always have access to green food when possible, and when they cannot it should be supplied.

Corn, when fed to the hen by itself, has a tendency to fatten rather than produce the most profitable egg laying.—American Tribune.

## RAISE YOUR OWN HONEY.

No Farm Need or Should Be Without a Few Well-Cared-For Hives of Bees.

There is no reason why farmers should not handle their bees along profitable lines, even if they have but a few colonies. Bees, as kept on the farm, a few colonies here and there, scattered in different localities, ordinarily do the best business, for they are not overstocked as they are frequently in large apiaries. Almost double the amount of honey can be obtained from a colony thus situated, and bee-keeping, as a rule, is much more profitable if the bees are in proper shape to do good work. The greatest mistake farmers make, is that of huddling the surplus boxes, thus not furnishing the bees with enough surplus capacity. The bees fill this limited space with honey in a few days at the beginning of the honey season and afterwards turn their attention to swarming, and several swarms will be the result. Instead of a large honey yield. Farmers, in connection with their other work, might as well reap hundreds of pounds of the finest honey instead of obtaining but a few pounds. If they would only give the bees plenty of storage room, and promptly take the honey away as soon as completed. The rule among small beekeepers is to give but a small surplus capacity in the spring and let this remain all summer to be taken off in the fall, supposing that it is an all summer's job for the bees, when in most cases this space is filled in a week or two and allowed to remain in the hive all summer, which reduces it to a poor grade of honey as well as a small amount. Hundreds of pounds of first class honey might have been obtained by giving a larger capacity, and removing the honey as fast as stored and completed. Some localities are better than others, and some seasons are better than other seasons, but it is never a mistake any season to thus provide for the most at all times and under all conditions. By a little forethought and work on the part of the average farmer and fruit grower, he could easily secure all the honey necessary for his own use, and some to sell also.—Midland Farmer.



PLAN OF A CHEAP STABLE

into feed room and smaller cribs. The foundations are stones set 18 inches in the ground and extend 6 inches above surface, upon which posts are set. Stalls are used only under crib on which floor is laid.

Material required, all rough lumber, costing approximately \$100, is as follows: Twelve pieces 6x6 inch, 10 feet and four pieces 6x6 inch, 8 feet, for posts. There may be made from straight saplings squared with an ax. For stringers, 8 pieces 2x12 inches by 16 feet; 12 pieces 2x12 inches by 10 feet for girders in driveway on which posts rest, 3 pieces 2x8 inches by 10 feet; for ends, 3 pieces 2x6 inches by 16 feet, for joists, 22 pieces 2x4 inches by 16 feet, 11 pieces 2x4 inches by 8 feet, for the plates, 4 pieces 2x4 inches by 16 feet and 4 pieces 2x4 inches by 10 feet, rafters 20 2x6 inches by 18 feet, rafters 15 2x4 inches by 10 feet, roof strips 220 1x3 inches by 12 feet, battens, 104 1x4 inches by 10 feet, and 48 pieces 1x4 inches by 12 feet, box and cover 104 boards 1x12 inches by 10 feet, and 48 boards 1x12 inches by 12 feet; crib floor, 8 boards 1x12 inches by 16 feet. It will require 3,550 shingles laid 5 inches to the weather. This plan is sometimes changed and enlarged to 32x32 feet or 36x40 feet, running driveway lengthwise of stable. In this case middle posts extend to roof—W. J. Prindle, in Farm and Home.

## ALFALFA FOR THE HOGS.

Good for Building Up the Frame of Animals, But Should Be Fed with Discretion.

There is no doubt that alfalfa is one of the best foods that can be raised for hogs. The cattle man has come to appreciate the value of alfalfa, and wherever he has been able to raise alfalfa he has done so. He has recognized it as a cheap source of protein. The hog raiser on the other hand is coming to realize only slowly that the hog needs protein at all. He has come to think of the hog as an animal that needs a food that will make fat, and, as a result, we see little alfalfa growing on the farm of the man that makes hog raising one of the principal features of his agriculture.

Alfalfa can be fed in the same way as clover, in fact, with the exception that it is not so readily pastured. Alfalfa may be pastured so close that it will only slowly revive from such treatment, while clover can be pastured close and still come up quickly. But alfalfa is a good green food and is good when dry. If it is cut up and mixed with soft food or steamed.

It has been charged that too much alfalfa makes a soft pork, but this is the case only when the hogs are not properly finished on grain. No one believes that a feed like alfalfa should be fed almost exclusively. It is a good thing to build up the frame of the animals, but it does not provide enough carbohydrates to make it serve the double purpose of a developed and a finisher.—Farmers' Review.

## SELF-FEEDER FOR POULTRY

It Assures Ample Rations for Each Individual Bird and Prevents Waste of Feed.

To avoid the usual waste in feeding chickens I have made a number of self-feeders like the one shown in the picture. The box is eight inches deep, place the lower edge of the board (b) about an inch from the back and two inches from the bottom. This will permit the feed which is poured into the box through door (a), to run down only as fast as the chickens eat it from the floor through opening at c. Nail on a strip at the front to prevent the chickens from working the feed out on the ground. The opening should not be large enough to permit the fowls getting in to scratch out the feed. It may be fastened to the side of a building or long strips may be nailed upon it each side to prevent its being upset. This arrangement gives them at all times clean feed with little trouble for the chickens and a great saving in feed to the grower.—T. S. Bronson, in Farm and Home.

## Keep Buildings Well Painted.

Many farmers wait several years after painting a building before painting it again. They wait until the building is in bad condition and it requires as much or more paint to cover it as it did at first. Buildings should be painted once every two or three years. This done, not only will the cost of repairs be lessened, but appearance of the place will be much improved. Fresh paint applied often, even though in small quantities, keeps wood and metal from decay.—G. H. Peters, in Farm Journal.

## ORIGIN OF NUMERAL SYSTEM

Paper Read Before Philological Society Comments on Forerunners of Present Method.

In a paper read before the Philological society of the University of Michigan, recently, Prof. George Hempl commented upon the forerunners of our present system of numeration. Some two years ago, in seeking the origin of the Hindu letters (the first letters used by the Germanic races), Prof. Hempl discovered the primitive Germanic numeral notations. This threw new light upon the early Germanic numeral system, as well as upon the primitive Indo-European numeral system, and upon the development of the Greek alphabet and the Greek numeral notation. The primitive Indo-European numeral system was a mixture of the decimal and the sexagesimal. The first large number was the "hokk," that is, 60, and the next large number was the "hund," or "hundred," that is, 120. Between 60 and 120 there were no numbers like our 70, etc., 70 being "a shock and 10," and 80 being "a shock and 20." The introduction of our present numbers between 60 and 120 arose out of the introduction of the decimal hundred or hundred, that is, 100, in distinction from which the old hundred (120) was called the duodecimal hundred, or the "great hundred," which is still used in Iceland and parts of England.

## BOSTON GOT ITS BEANS.

Absence of Favorite Dish Once Threatened City, But Striking Bakers Took Pity.

It has never been successfully disputed, says the Boston Watchman, that Bostonians are extremely addicted to baked beans (with their orthodox and inseparable companion, brown bread) and to pie. But no one has hitherto realized which of the two held the higher place, or in other words, which is more necessary to the maintenance of truly Boston life at the proper point of culture and coldness. The decision of this delicate and difficult yet delightfully interesting question, which has successfully defied in the past both the literary skill and intellectual powers of the city, has been left for solution to the exigencies of the modern industrial problem. In the recent strike of 1,400 bakers Boston was compelled to go pie hungry for days. But when Saturday night approached and the dreadful possibility appeared of Boston being compelled to face a Sunday morning without baked beans, the hearts and consciences of the bakers were stirred, and they made a special and extraordinary effort to supply the city with its habitual Sunday morning breakfast, while no such emotion was elicited by the sufferings incident to the lack of pie.

## Radium Runs Clock.

The radium clock of Harrison Martindale, English physicist, practically gives perpetual motion through the dissipation of negatively charged rays. A small quantity of radium supported in an exhausted glass vessel by a quartz rod, is placed in a small tube, to the lower end of which is attached an electroscope of two long strips of silver. The activity of the radium causes an electric current minus beta rays to be transmitted to the silver strips, which expand until they touch the sides of the vessel, when earthed conducting wires instantly discharge them and they fall together. This is repeated every two minutes, making time in beats of that duration, and, theoretically, the action will continue until exhaustion of the radium—in this case computed to be 30,000 years in the future.

## MARKET REPORT.

Cincinnati, Oct. 29.  
CATTLE—Common \$2.50 @ 3.40  
Heavy steers 4.85 @ 5.25  
CALVES—Extra 7.50 @ 7.60  
HOGS—Ch. packers 5.10 @ 5.15  
Mixed packers 4.90 @ 5.05  
SHEEP—Extra 3.35 @ 3.50  
LAMBS—Extra 5.50 @ 5.65  
FLOUR—Spring pat. 6.35 @ 6.60  
WHEAT—No. 2 red. 1.19 @ 1.21  
No. 3 winter 1.18 @ 1.20  
CORN—No. 2 mixed. 57 1/2 @ 57 1/2  
OATS—No. 2 mixed. 31 1/2 @ 31 1/2  
RYE—No. 2 86 @ 87  
HAY—Ch. timothy 12 1/2 @ 12 1/2  
PORK—Mess (long mess) 12 1/2 @ 12 1/2  
LARD—Steam 7.50 @ 7.62 1/2  
BUTTER—Ch. dairy 14 @ 14  
Choice creamery 23 1/2 @ 23 1/2  
APPLES—Choice 2.00 @ 2.50  
POTATOES—Per bbl 1.65 @ 1.65  
TOMATOES—New 5.25 @ 5.25  
Old 4.75 @ 14.50  
Chicago.  
FLOUR—Winter pat. 5.30 @ 5.40  
WHEAT—No. 2 red. 1.17 @ 1.17 1/2  
No. 3 spring 1.05 @ 1.15  
CORN—No. 2 mixed. 55 1/2 @ 55 1/2  
OATS—No. 2 mixed. 30 1/2 @ 30 1/2  
RYE—No. 2 86 @ 86  
PORK—Mess 10 87 1/2 @ 11.00  
LARD—Steam 7.02 1/2 @ 7.05  
New York.  
FLOUR—Wh. str. 5.40 @ 5.65  
WHEAT—No. 2 red. 1.20 1/2 @ 1.20 1/2  
CORN—No. 2 mixed. 58 1/2 @ 58 1/2  
OATS—No. 2 mixed. 31 1/2 @ 31 1/2  
PORK—Mess 13 75 @ 17.00  
LARD—Steam 7.55 @ 7.55  
Baltimore.  
WHEAT—No. 2 red. 1.17 1/2 @ 1.17 1/2  
CORN—No. 2 mixed. 55 @ 55  
OATS—No. 2 mixed. 31 @ 31  
CATTLE—Steers 3.75 @ 4.25  
HOGS—Dressed 6.50 @ 7.00  
Louisville.  
WHEAT—No. 2 red. 1.18 @ 1.18  
CORN—No. 2 mixed. 57 1/2 @ 57 1/2  
OATS—No. 2 mixed. 31 1/2 @ 31 1/2  
LARD—Steam 7.75 @ 7.75  
PORK—Mess 11 @ 11  
Indianapolis.  
WHEAT—No. 2 red. 1.17 1/2 @ 1.17 1/2  
CORN—No. 2 mixed. 58 @ 58  
OATS—No. 2 mixed. 33 @ 35

## Buggy or Carriage Harness?

PINE WEATHER and fine roads invite you to drive, both for pleasure and profit. Does your harness look as well as the rest of your turnout or is it shabby, and thus detract from the general appearance? If so, there's an easy way out of it. Select a new set of Buggy or Carriage Harness from Our Large Stock, at astonishingly reasonable prices. However, if you decide to make your old harness do, let us put it in good repair for you. It won't cost much.

T. J. MOBERLY,  
Main St. Richmond, Ky.

## How Often Has Mother

Arose from her bed at night in alarm at the raspy cough of baby. She knows at once the dread destroyer, Croup, has arrived. Don't hesitate. Use Paracomp at once. It will prevent and cure croup. Sold by S. E. Welch, Jr., Druggist.

## TOMBSTONES and MONUMENTS

Owing to poor health I am forced to close out my entire stock to quit business. I have 25 sets of the finest Vermont Marble and granite Tombstones and Monuments which I will sell at greatly reduced prices. Here is your opportunity to get an extra good bargain. Orders will be filled promptly. Write or call for designs and prices.

Berea Monumental Works.  
S. McGUIRE, Prop. - Berea, Ky.

# Berea College

Founded 1855

PLACES THE BEST EDUCATION IN REACH OF ALL.

Over 40 Teachers and 900 Students (from 26 States) Largest College Library in Kentucky. NO SALOONS.

Applied Science—Two years' Course, with agriculture for young men and Domestic Science for young Ladies.

Trade Schools—Carpentry, Printing, Housework, Nursing (two years).

Normal Courses—For Teachers. Three courses, leading to county Certificate, State Certificate and State Diploma.

Academy Course—Four years, fitting for College, for business and for life.

College Courses—Literary, Scientific, Classical, leading to Baccalaureate degrees.

Music—Choral (free), Reed Organ, Vocal, Piano, Theory.

We are here to help all who will help themselves toward a Christian education. Our instruction is a free gift. Students pay a small incidental fee to meet expenses of the school apart from instruction, and must also pay for board in advance. Expenses for full term of 14 weeks maybe brought within \$29.50. Winter term of 11 weeks \$27.00. Spring term of 11 weeks \$24.25. Fall term opens September 14.

The School is endorsed by Baptists, Christians (Disciples, Congregationalists, Methodists, Presbyterians, and good people of all denominations.

FOR INFORMATION AND FRIENDLY ADVICE ADDRESS THE SECRETARY,

WILL C. GAMBLE - Berea, Madison County, Ky.

## Madison County Roller Mills

Manufacturers Fancy Roller Flour  
Corn Meal Ship Stuffs Crushed Corn, Etc.  
Our "GOLD DUST" Roller Flour will be hard to beat  
"PRIDE OF MADISON" is another Excellent Flour

Potts & Duerson,  
Whites Station, Ky.

# Kodol DYSPEPSIA CURE

DIGESTS WHAT YOU EAT  
The \$1.00 bottle contains 2 1/4 times the trial size, which sells for 50 cents.  
PREPARED ONLY AT THE LABORATORY OF  
E. C. DEWITT & COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

# 16 FREE Scholarships

THE CITIZEN will pay the tuition in Berea College for two terms of one young man and one young woman from each of the following Counties: Clay, Estill, Jackson, Lee, Madison, Owsley, Polaski and Rockcastle. These sixteen young people will be selected by the people of their own County who take THE CITIZEN.

We will print the Ballot which appears below each week from now until December 1st. This should be filled out with the names and addresses of the young man and young woman in your County to whom you wish scholarships to be given. These ballots, when received at THE CITIZEN office, count one each for the young man and young woman whose names are written on them.

In addition to this, each person who pays for a year's subscription to THE CITIZEN will receive a blank entitling them to one hundred votes for each of their favorite candidates (6 months, 50 votes for each; 3 months, 25 votes for each).

The young man and young woman in each of the eight Counties named above who receive the largest number of votes will have their tuition paid by THE CITIZEN for two terms in Berea College, which will save each one from \$8.00 to \$14.00 in cash. The only expense to which they will be put is for board and room, and good board and rooms can be had cheaper in Berea than at any other first-class school in Kentucky. Berea College will be bigger and better than ever the coming year, and if you or any of your friends are planning to attend school anywhere, it will pay you to consider this offer.

Fill out the ballot below and mail to THE CITIZEN. Get your friends to vote for you. Your chance is just as good as anybody's. START NOW!

Cut this out, fill in with names of your favorites and mail to THE CITIZEN, BEREA, KY.

### Take Notice

On account of the recent action of the Kentucky Legislature, Berea College can receive no colored students the coming year, therefore this offer is open only to white contestants.

I vote for Mr. .... of ..... postoffice ..... county as the most popular young man.

and for Miss ..... of ..... postoffice ..... county as the most popular young woman.



## Berea and Vicinity.

GATHERED FROM A VARIETY OF SOURCES

Will Hanson, of Winchester, was in town Monday.

Mrs. Mamie Hanson Jones was in town the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. R. Rogers returned to day to their home in Woodstock, Ill.

Misses Robinson, Welsh and Will Flannery have gone to the mountains for a week.

Mrs. Cook, Miss Cook and Miss Nina King spent Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday at Wildie.

Master Donald Horton was quite severely bitten Wednesday by Burdette's dog. Dr. Cornelius attended.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Brannaman left Sunday morning for St. Louis where they will put in ten days doing the fair.

Mr. Creed Gott, of Berea, is down with typhoid fever at the home of his brother, Mr. Lee Gott, this city. —Richmond *Panagraph*.

Henry Calvin, sawyer for C. M. Rawlins, of Panola, was killed while at work Tuesday. He was a member of the local G. A. R. Post.

Fred Ballard and Miss Celia Cheumil were married on Sunday last, at the home of Mrs. Tillie Gentry, by Prof. L. V. Dodge.

There was a head-on collision of two freight trains one mile north of Livingston. One man was killed and several injured; cause not given out.

At the first meeting of the Woman's Industrial last Friday the number registered for the winter's work was 150, and no more can be received.

Miss Lou Dineen had a Halloween party of about 15. Plinch was the game of the evening. Refreshments were the crowning feature of the evening's entertainment.

There was a Democratic rally in the Tabernacle on Saturday evening, J. P. Sullivan, of Richmond, was the principal speaker. He discussed the issues of the campaign in a fair and able manner.

Mr. Fred E. Hart, son of former College Treasurer, Wm. Hart, accompanied by his wife, are on a visit at Berea and vicinity, from their home at Aberdeen, Washington. Their headquarters are at Prof. Dodge's.

Mr. B. H. Christman, who has been successfully running the 2nd hand furniture store just opposite Welch's, has purchased the entire stock of new furniture from S. E. Welch, and will in the future carry a full line of both classes of goods.

James H. Shearer, of Tuscola, Ill., returned to that place Tuesday noon. The object of his visit to Berea was to dispose of his farm in Clear Creek. He reports the region where he is located as fine country, and that a great many Eastern Kentucky people are there.

Capt. Wm. Herndon, of Lancaster, is candidate for the office of Appellate Judge for the Fifth District against Judge Cantrell, whose decisions in the Powers case have aroused such just indignation. Capt. Herndon is a man of the highest character, and ought to have every vote in the district.

This interesting note is from the *Cynthiana Times*: An article going the rounds of the press in which Mrs. Susan Bennett is accredited as being the only "real Daughter of the Revolution" living in Kentucky is erroneous. The judge Samuel McDowell Chapter of this city boasts of a daughter, Mrs. Elizabeth Susan Switzer, who resides with her daughter, Mrs. Wm. Uruston, in the county. Mrs. Switzer is 88 years old, and is a daughter of Abner Shropshire, who was a Revolutionary soldier. A few years ago when Mrs. Switzer joined the local chapter, D. A. R., she was presented with the national organization gold spoon, given only to real Daughters of the Revolution. She is a bright, interesting woman, in splendid health, and attends the Baptist church in this city quite regularly.

## A Delightful Halloween Party

One of the leading social events of the season was the Halloween party given by Mr. and Mrs. Stevens and Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Hanson. Their pleasant rooms were thrown together and tastefully decorated. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. Hart, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Porter, Mr. and Mrs. Spink, Mr. and Mrs. Horton, Mr. and Mrs. Spencer, Mr. and Mrs. Lindsley, Dr. and Mrs. Cowley, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis, Mr. and Mrs. Hinman, Mr. Will Hanson, Mrs. Mamie Hanson Jones, Miss Jennie Hanson, Mr. Woolf, Mr. Cartmell, Miss Ella Cluett, Mrs. Tonnelle and Mrs. Pasco. Progressive blind and dozen couples vied with each other

for the chief places and best records. Delightful refreshments were served at the tables, after which Mr. Cartmell displayed wonderful powers as a mind reader and Mrs. Hanson as a fortune teller. Miss Hanson favored the party with several beautiful selections. The guests departed at 10.30 with the unanimous feeling that they had never spent a pleasant evening or had more hospitable hosts and hostesses.

Mr. Welch sold Mr. Cartmell, Berea College purchasing agent, 100 bbls. Gold Medal and Obelisk flour and 500 bushels of potatoes. This is the largest sale ever made in Madison Co., from a merchant to a consumer and perhaps the largest ever made in the state, but then it is no trouble to sell such flour at any reasonable price for Gold Medal and Obelisk on flour is the same as sterling on silver.

## For Sale

A farm of 70 acres, adjoining town limits, on the waters of Silver Creek. Well improved. Good Buildings, call on J. P. Bicknell, Berea, Ky.

If THE CITIZEN does you good subscribe for it and pay for it.

## College Items

HERE AND THERE

Miss Hollister returned Monday night from her two weeks' trip to Indianapolis.

Much damage has been done the past few days by forest fires south west of town.

Miss Sallie Waldron left Monday for Chattanooga, where she has secured a position as teacher in a mission school.

Dr. Cowley's Sunday school class and the Boys' Club have gone into training for a big football game. It has been suggested that the Varsity might take a few lessons in zeal in practicing.

Reports from Berea boys in West Virginia University tell us that they are still alive after their game with Michigan. It was feared for a time that they had departed this life. The Varsity wishes they were not so far away.

The Industrial Faculty met in the sewing room in the industrial building last Tuesday. Mr. and Mrs. Gamble gave excellent reports on How Student Labor is managed in Park College, Missouri. Refreshments were served.

The College Halloween socials were four in number: At the home of Mr. and Mrs. Gamble the senior class entertained the college students; the Normals were at Ladies' Hall; the Academy and Applied Science at Science Hall, and the Model schools at the Tabernacle. All report a splendid time.

Invitations have been received for the wedding, October 9th, of Mr. Arthur Markley, M. D., a former student here, and Miss Edith Laws, of Cincinnati. Dr. Markley was demonstrator in the dental college in which he took his training, and afterwards studied medicine. He now practices in Cincinnati.

## The Worship of Nature.

The harp at Nature's advent strung  
Has never ceased to play;  
The song the stars of morning sung  
Has never died away.  
And prayer is made, and praise is given,  
By all things near and far;  
The ocean looketh up to heaven  
And mirrors every star.  
Its waves are kneeling on the strand,  
As kneels the human knee,  
Their white locks bowing to the sand,  
The priesthood of the sea!  
They pour their glittering treasures forth,  
Their gifts of pearl they bring,  
And all the listening hills of earth  
Take up the song they sing.  
The green earth sends her incense up  
From many a mountain shrine;  
From folded leaf and dewy cup  
She pours her sacred wine.  
The mist above the morning rills  
Rise white as wings of prayer;  
The altar curtains of the hills  
Are sunset's purple air.  
The winds with hymns of praise are  
Or low with sob of pain—  
The thunder organ of the cloud,  
The dropping tears of rain.  
With drooping head and branches crossed,  
The twilight forest grieves,  
Or speaks with tongues of Pentecost  
From all its sunlit leaves.  
The blue sky is the temple's arch,  
Its transept, earth and air,  
The music of its stellar march  
The chorus of a prayer.  
So Nature keeps the reverent frame  
With which her years began,  
And all her signs and voices stam  
The prayerless heart of man.

## A SINGULAR VEHICLE

(Original.)

"Have you seen a white house with green blinds go by here today?" Surely there was hesitancy in his eye. He was a thin little chap with a melancholy look about him. At any rate the man sitting on a wooden armchair before a hook and ladder company's station of whom he asked the question thought so.

"No; I hadn't seen no white house with green blinds go by here today. If I had I'd 'a' stopped it to give it some refreshment."

The questioner regarded the fireman intently for a moment, as though an idea were being born in his brain. Then he turned away and walked on. He had gone but half a block when out of a fine residence came a young man of rather sporty appearance, smoking a cigarette. The wayfarer addressed him:

"Have you seen anything of a woman with black hair and eyes and two kids, a boy of five and a girl of three, both looking like me, riding past here today in a white house with green blinds?"

The sporty young man took his cigarette out of his mouth and looked at the questioner with a blank stare.

"You mean a white horse and a green buggy?"

"No; I mean a white house with green blinds."

"My friend," remarked the sporty man, "I'll just bet you \$100 to \$10 that no family has ridden this way today in any kind of a house, and no family will ride down this street in a house tomorrow or next day."

So saying he turned on his heel and walked away. The man called after him:

"Take you."

Turning, the sporty man saw the other holding a ten dollar bill toward him. The former stood irresolute for a moment, wondering if he had better call an ambulance to take the man to hospital, but he was a "dead game sport" and would not go back on his bet even with a lunatic. He went into the house for funds; then as the lunatic proposed that the fireman he had interviewed hold the stakes the sporty man went there with him.

"This gentleman," said the lunatic, "bets me \$100 to \$10 that a woman and her kids haven't ridden by here today in a white house with green blinds or won't ride by here in a white house with green blinds tomorrow or next day."

The fireman and the sporty man retired for consultation, then returned, and the fireman agreed to hold the stakes, which were deposited in the clerk's locker. The lunatic departed, and the fireman and the sporty man went to the telephone, where they reported the matter to the police station.

The consequence was that after telephoning the various sayings for the insane and not hearing of any escapes the inspector concluded the suspicious person to be a confidence man and sent a policeman to shadow him. The policeman who went on this duty, after seeing the fellow make several bets that a family had ridden or would ride within two days down the street in a white house with green blinds, decided to take him in. The man said that he would make it hot for the police, declaring that his wife would be worried to death about him. Then they asked him where he lived. He said he didn't know. The questioner seemed to quiet him, and he went to jail peacefully.

The next morning the prisoner was brought up on a charge of vagrancy. He was not known as a criminal, had done nothing criminal, and there was no other charge to be made.

"Ten dollars," said the judge, "and in default thirty days."

The prisoner pulled out \$10 and complacently paid his fine, much to the astonishment of the court, policeman and spectators. Then he went away, while the police authorities debated whether to rearrest him or let him go. They finally decided on the latter course.

The same afternoon the lunatic collected the persons with whom he had made bets, telling them that his wife and children would ride by in a white house with green blinds. They laughingly followed him, pretending to fall in with his idea, some of them having intended to turn a penny by his folly, others to return him his money eventually. The lunatic posted them on the sidewalk in the middle of a long block and asked them to wait a few minutes. Presently a man emerged from the next side street above and began to plant a whiff.

The bettors looked at each other, then with one accord started to see what was coming, the lunatic going with them. There on rollers was a white house with green blinds. In an open door was a woman pushing back a boy and girl.

"Hello, Molly," said the lunatic. "They didn't get you started yesterday, did they?"

"No, but where on earth have you been? Working all night again?"

"No; in jail. You see, the police thought I was either a lunatic or a confidence man and ran me in. I asked a fireman if he'd seen you pass, and the way he replied gave me the cue how to make some money. I've got \$25 due me in bets or will have after you turn the corner. You see, I took all the money we had while we were moving to carry in my pocket, so I had all I wanted to put up the stakes."

The accompanying bettors looked at one another again, then quickly separated.

Some \$200 of the bets was paid. The rest were called off, the stakeholders declaring that the bets were made on a certainty. EDITH F. BAKER.

## Gems In Verse

## Naboth's Vineyard.

My neighbor hath a little field,  
Small store of wine its process yield,  
And truly but a slender board  
He harvest brings for barn or board.  
Yet, though a hundred fields are mine,  
Fertile with olive, corn and vine,  
Though autumn piles my garner high,  
Still for that little field I sigh.  
For, ah, methinks no otherwhere  
Is any field so good and fair.  
Small though it be, 'tis better far  
Than all my fruitful vineyards are,  
Amid whose plenty and I pine—  
"Ah, would that little field were mine!"

Large knowledge void of peace and rest,  
And wealth with pining care possess—  
These by my fertile lands are meant,  
That little field is called Content.  
—Robertson Trowbridge in Scribner's.

## The Fall of the Leaf.

Rise in their place the woods, the trees  
Have cast,  
Like earth to earth, their children; now  
They stand  
Above the graves, where lie their very  
Dead.

Each pointing with her empty hand  
And mourning o'er the russet floor,  
Naked and dispossessed,  
The queenly sycamore,  
The linden and the aspen and the rest.  
But thou, fair birch, doubtful to laugh or weep,  
Who timorously dost keep  
From the sad fuller ring thy face away,  
Wouldst thou look to the heavens which  
wander gray,  
The unattiled clouds, slow mounting on  
their way?  
They not regard thee, neither do they  
send  
One breath to wake thy sighs, nor gently tend  
Thy sorrow or thy smile to passion's end  
Lo, there on high the unlighted moon is hung,  
A cloud among the clouds. She giveth  
pledge,  
Which none from hope debars,  
Of hours that shall the naked boughs re-  
dige  
In seasons high. Her drifted train among  
Musing, she leads the silent song,  
Grave mistress of white clouds, a fabled  
queen of stars.  
—Richard Watson Dixon.

## What a Boy Can Do.

These are some of the things a boy can do:  
He can shout so loud the air turns blue,  
He can make all sounds of beast and bird  
And a thousand more they never heard  
He can crow or cackle, chirp or cluck  
Till he fools the rooster, hen or duck;  
He can mock the dog or lamb or cow,  
And the cat herself can't beat his "meow."

He has sounds that are ruffled, striped or plain,  
He can thunder by like a railway train,  
Stop at the stations a breath and then  
Apply the steam and be off again.

He has all of his powers in such command  
He can turn right into a full brass band,  
With all of the instruments ever played,  
And march away as a street parade.

You can tell that a boy is very ill  
If he's wide awake and is keeping still,  
But earth would be—God bless their  
noses!  
A dull old place if there were no boys.  
—Nixon Waterman in Christian Endeavor World.

## A Contented Mind.

I weigh not fortune's frown or smile;  
I joy not much in earthly joys,  
I seek not state, I seek not style;  
I am not fond of fancy's toys.  
I rest so pleased with what I have,  
I wish no more, no more I crave.  
I quake not at the thunder's crack;  
I tremble not at noise of war,  
I swoon not at the news of wrack;  
I shrink not at a blazing star;  
I fear not loss, I hope not gain,  
I envy none, I none disdain.  
I see ambition never pleased;  
I see some talents starved in stores;  
I see gold's droopy seldom eased;  
I see even Midas gape for more;  
I neither want, nor yet am proud;  
Enough's a feast, content is crowned.  
I feign not friendship where I hate;  
I fawn not on the great in show;  
I stave, I praise a mean estate,  
Neither too lofty nor too low;  
This, this is all my choice and cheer,  
A mind content, a conscience clear.  
—Joshua Sylvester.

## Love Enthroned.

I marked all kindred powers the heart  
finds fair—  
Truth, with awed lips, and hope, with  
eyes upcast;  
And fame, whose loud wings fan the ash-  
en pest  
To signal fire, Oblivion's flight to scare;  
And Youth, with still some single golden  
hair  
Unto his shoulder clinging, since the last  
Embrace wherein two sweet arms held  
him fast;  
And Life, still wreathing flowers for  
Death to wear.  
Love's throne was not with these; but far  
above  
All passionate wind of welcome and fare-  
well  
He sat in breathless bowers they dream  
not of;  
Though Truth foreknew Love's heart, and  
Hope foretold,  
And Fame be for Love's sake desirable,  
And Youth be dear, and Life be sweet to  
loves.  
—Dante Gabriel Rossetti.

## True Nobleness.

"For this true nobleness I seek in vain,  
In woman and in man I find it not;  
I almost weary of my earthly lot,  
My life springs are dried up with burning  
pains."  
Thou find'st it not? I pray thee look  
again,  
Look inward through the depths of thine  
own soul.  
How is it with thee? Art thou sound and  
whole?  
Doth narrow search show thee no earthly  
soul?  
Be noble, and the nobleness that lies  
In other men, sleeping, but never dead,  
Will rise in majesty to meet thine own;  
Then wilt thou see it gleam in many eyes,  
Then wilt thou pure light around thy path be  
shed,  
And thou wilt never more be sad and lone.  
—Lowell.

## A Nobler Way.

To live and learn, to ever think the  
thought  
That gives a richness to the soul's  
Ideals,  
Is better far than letting self, when  
sought,  
Become supreme in all one thinks and  
feels.  
To rise above the sordid quest for gain  
And arrive to use in nobler ways the  
soul,  
Which finds its bent, its true, divinely  
aim?  
In pressing upward, never downward,  
toward its goal.  
—Rev. James Allison Barnes in Religious  
Telescope.

## This Way Sinners!

If you are not buying all your wants of us I will tell you why you should.

We have the largest cleanest and best selected stock of DRY GOODS and SHOES in Madison County. The largest and choicest stock of GROCERIES this side of Lexington and the cheapest drug store on earth.

## SOME PRICES

Gold Medal Flour, Washburn-Crosby Co.,	75c
Obelisk Flour, Ballard & Ballard Co.	75c
Meal	85c
Granulated Sugar	5 1/4c
Arbuckle's Coffee	2 for 25c

Other goods in proportion at

## WELCH'S

## Coal

AT BIN NEAR  
DEPOT

12c. to 14c.

Chas. S. Hanson.

## FOR SALE

15 BUILDING LOTS in Berea belonging to the John G. Fee estate. Special inducements to purchaser of entire tract. J. P. Bicknell, Berea, Ky.

## FOR RENT

AN 8 ROOM HOUSE on Center Street. Good well, garden and barn. Call on or write to J. J. Brannaman, Berea, Ky.

## Good Farm For Sale.

65 acres; good fencing; everlasting water; material ready for a good barn, 10x60 feet; other outbuildings good; 1/4 acre in young orchard; all kinds of fruits; 30 acres ready for corn next year; remainder of farm in grass; on a good turnpike 1/2 mile from Kingston. If you want a cheap home, in the Blue Grass, call on or address,

Z. M. Boen,

121 Kingston.

## Cured Of Eczema.

Mr. Dan A. Briggs, Glasgow, Ky., says: "About two years ago, I had Eczema so bad that I could scarcely sleep at all. I purchased a bottle of Paracamp and made not over one dozen applications, when I was entirely well. I highly recommend Paracamp for all irritations of the skin and would not be without it in my home." Paracamp soothes, cools and heals. Try a 25c bottle. S. E. Welch, Jr., Druggist.

Having purchased the complete retail stock of

## New Furniture

from S. E. Welch you will hereafter find the

## BEREA FURNITURE STORE

with a complete line of both new and second hand furniture at surprisingly low prices. Call and examine. To be convinced of the above is the price of admission.

Berea Furniture Store,  
Opposite Welch's, Berea, Ky.

## He Feels Bad

Who is "stopped up" with a Cold in the Head or Chest. Quinine may make you sick but if you will apply Paracamp freely and snuff up the nose, you will get instant relief, because it opens the pores, stimulates the circulation and removes all congestion, fever, and inflammation. Paracamp prevents pneumonia. So don't let your cold hang on. Try a 25c bottle to-day. S. E. Welch, Jr., Druggist.

## Gems In Verse

## Life.

A crust of bread and a corner to sleep in,  
A minute to smile and an hour to weep in,  
A pint of joy to a peck of trouble,  
And never a laugh, but the moans come  
double,  
And that is life!  
A crust and a corner that love makes pre-  
cious,  
With the smile to warm and the tears to  
refresh us,  
And joy seems sweeter when cares come  
after,  
And a moon in the finest of fogs for laugh-  
ter,  
And that is life!  
—Paul Laurence Dunbar.



## "Falling in Love" a Modern Society Evil

By PROF. CHARLES RICHMOND HENDERSON,  
Of the Chair of Sociology, University of Chicago.



**F**ALLING in love is immoral and vicious and should be rigidly guarded against. Love in sex is an emotion to be controlled, the same as any other great emotion, such as anger or grief. Love can be cultivated or repelled at will. The young man or woman who allows himself or herself to "fall in love" without due thought and investigation is acting unwisely and in many instances sowing the seed of divorce.

A person should first learn the character, the family and the habits of the person they desire to love before submitting to the emotion vulgarly called "love." After being assured of the worthiness of the emotion, love and marriage should then be allowed to take their course.

Love and marriage should be placed on a civil basis. A couple should know each other for years before marriage is spoken of.

But publicity should be given to the acquaintance. Then when an engagement exists it should be a matter of law that a card to this order be sent broadcast to all friends and to the public press:

"Mr. and Mrs. Blank announce the engagement of their daughter, Louise, to Mr. Henry Dash."

This method would give the necessary publicity to their love and approaching marriage, and if there were any reason why either one should not marry the other, it would inevitably be found out.

The engagement should also be announced from the pulpit and posted as a placard in the church. After this is done a few months should elapse before the marriage takes place.

No one should ever marry for money, nor without the consent of the parents of both the contracting parties.

Parents should make it a business to know the friends of their children and to rear their children for marriage the same as they now rear and educate them for the professions and arts.

These rules would necessitate thought, and if followed would almost entirely do away with divorces, elopements, unhappy marriages.

American women know how to take care of themselves. But they never stop to think. So they smother their reputations without staining their characters. They give themselves too much freedom. They should return more to the chaperon habit, and I am glad to say that the young women of the university are doing so more and more of late.

If the church of every denomination would refuse to permit a person who obtained a divorce for a frivolous reason to remain a member of the church I think much of the tendency toward divorce would be stopped. Men and women would stop to think, and in stopping to think would realize that without the sanction of the church they would lose social prestige.

There are cases, of course, where in all justice divorces should be granted and sanctioned by the church. But these cases are the exception. More often women should be given property rights which come under the head in law of "separate maintenance."

But with thought and custom and church combined I think the divorce evil would be stopped and marriage and love and home placed on a more sacred and happy basis.

## Divinity Schools Fail

By DR. WILLIAM R. HARPER,  
President University of Chicago

are too much occupied with denominational questions to direct their attention to them. The solution of these problems must come from our great universities, which are realizing that they must furnish the religious training in the future.

Theological universities have not been laboratories for religious education, but merely have turned out expert propagandists, who are always the exact patterns of their constructors. They will not solve the religious questions, nor will the churches. Instruction is given in Sunday schools by school teachers who on week days would regard a similar lack of knowledge of science as disgraceful. Often their moral character is not fit for the Sunday school.

No other institution but the university can undertake this work. The work of the university which undertakes this will include provisions for lectures, correspondence and reading courses for the students. Biblical history and literature, religion, ethics, philosophy and science also would be included in the curriculum.

The study will not be restricted to theory. The university will constitute itself a laboratory in which practical work will be done. Our university settlement furnishes a good example of this.

No one will suppose that the university shall be entirely substituted for the home or for the technical work of the church.

## The Straight Man

By REV. JOHN WATSON (Ian McClaren)  
Author of "Beside the Bonnie Brigs Bush," Etc.

him, you will never be left in the lurch. He may be long in coming to a decision and he may be hard in a bargain. When the bargain is made, whether by word of mouth or a nod of the head, just as much as by a letter which has been copied, he will stand by it, though he lose his last penny. He will not whine about his losses, for they are the fortune of war, nor will he brag about his honesty, for he expects that to be taken for granted.

If you have to meet him in debate, he may press you hard and be very keen in his views, but he will always deal fairly with you, looking for the sense of what you said, and not taking any advantage of the words. If he has a quarrel with you, he will have it out with you face to face, and would scorn to slander you behind your back.

He also may be unable some day to pay his debts, and that will be the bitterest trial of his life; well, he will work night and day to regain his prosperity, and then he will pay his creditors, every one, with interest. Never was he known to make capital out of any doubtful point in a game, for, though he was eager to win, he was still more determined to win like a sportsman. And this is what we mean by a straight man.

Not a single religious problem of any importance has been solved by the theological seminaries of the United States in 50 years. The churches



He looks you in the face and his words have the accent of sincerity. He means what he says and he says what he means, and if you quote

## CIRCULAR NOTE SENT.

President's Wishes Regarding Peace Conference Carried Out.

It Endorses the Project of a General System of Arbitration and the Establishment of An International Peace Congress.

Washington, Oct. 31.—In a circular note Secretary Hay has carried out the president's instructions relative to proposing a second Hague conference. The note not only contemplates the reassembling of The Hague conference for the consideration of questions specially mentioned by the original conference as demanding further attention, such as the rights and duties of neutrals; the inviolability of private property in naval warfare and the bombardment of ports by naval force, but goes further by practically endorsing the project of a general system of arbitration treaties and the establishment of an international congress to meet periodically in the interests of peace. The issue of the call while the present war is in progress is justified by the fact that the first Hague conference was called before our treaty of peace with Spain was concluded.

The note, among other things, says: Among the broader general questions at The Hague conference in 1899 affecting the rights and justice of the relation of sovereign states, which were then relegated to a future conference, were: The rights and duties of neutrals; the inviolability of private property in naval warfare, and the bombardment of ports, towns and villages by a naval force. The other matters mentioned in the final act take the form of suggestions for consideration by interested governments.

The three points mentioned cover a large field. The first, especially, touching the rights and duties of neutrals, is of universal importance. Its right disposition affects the interests and well being of all the world. The neutral is something more than an on-looker. His acts of omission or commission may have an influence—indirect but tangible—on a war actually in progress, while on the other hand he may suffer from the exigencies of the belligerents. It is this phase of warfare which deeply concerns the world at large. Efforts have been made, time and again, to formulate rules of action applicable to his more material aspects, as in the declarations of Paris. As recently as the 28th of April, of this year, the congress of the United States adopted resolutions reading thus:

"Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, that it is the sense of the congress of the United States, that it is desirable, in the interest of uniformity of action by the maritime states of the world in time of war, that the president endeavor to bring about an understanding among the principal maritime powers with a view of incorporating into the permanent law of civilized nations the principle of the exemption of all private property at sea, not contraband of war, from a capture or destruction by belligerents."

"Approved April 28, 1901."

**HORRIBLE MURDER.**  
Man Thrown Into a Coke Oven By Two Men and Cremated.

Wheaton, Pa., Oct. 31.—Steve Borok, employed at the Hessemer coke plant, reported that late Saturday night he saw a man thrown into a coke oven and cremated. Borok says he saw three men scuffling on top of an oven and a moment later saw two of them jump to the ground and disappear in the darkness. Just then flames issued from the oven as though fuel had been tossed into it. Coroner Hagen Sunday ordered the oven drawn when blackened human bones and teeth were found. The murdered man and his assailants are unknown.

**Sir Thomas Lipton's New Loving Cup.**

London, Oct. 31.—Sir Thomas Lipton, in visiting the cruiser Olympia, of the United States European squadron Sunday, to thank the crew for the loving cup which they presented to him Saturday, said he had received many trophies, but among them all this cup would occupy a prominent position; but, he added, significantly, there is one spot which he is keeping vacant.

**To Visit the World's Fair.**  
St. Louis, Oct. 31.—Vice President Manuel Diaz, personal representative of President Tomas Estrada Palma, of Cuba, arrived in St. Louis Sunday over the Southern Pacific railroad to visit the World's fair for several days.

**Devotion Makes Her a Pest Victim.**  
Chicago, Oct. 31.—Following her stricken daughter to the isolation hospital to nurse her through her attack of smallpox, Mrs. Edwin Burritt Smith herself became a victim of the disease. Mrs. Smith is the wife of an attorney.

**A Farewell Meeting.**  
Cleveland, O., Oct. 31.—The Lyceum theater was crowded Sunday night at a farewell meeting to hear Commander Booth-Tucker, of the Salvation army, who leaves this country for England on the steamer Oceana from New York November 16.

**Banker Ends Life in Counting Room.**  
Bellevue, Wis., Oct. 31.—James F. Latimer, president of the Latimer bank, killed himself in his bank by shooting himself in the breast. He was considered to be worth about \$200,000. Illness the cause.

## FIRE IN PORT ARTHUR.

Japanese Shells Ignited a Powder Magazine.

A Successful Attack on the Russian Outposts at Wumingsun and Two Unsuccessful Counter Attacks Made By Muscovites.

Ch'oo Foo, Oct. 31.—The third general attack on Port Arthur began October 21, according to unimpeachable authority, and on October 25 Japanese shells set fire to the only smokeless powder magazine in Port Arthur. Portions of the town caught fire, the conflagration continuing the whole day. On October 26 the Japanese captured the Russian trenches on the slope of Riplung mountain, also a fortified position protecting that fortress. The Japanese consider the progress of the siege to be highly satisfactory.

Tokio, Oct. 31.—A report from the Manchurian army headquarters received Sunday records a successful night attack against the Russian outposts at Wumingsun and two unsuccessful counter attacks made by the Russians. The report is as follows:

"On the night of October 28 a small force of the enemy attacked Watao mountain, but was immediately repulsed. October 29 at 3 o'clock in the morning a detachment of infantry was dispatched from the center army against Wumingsun. The enemy was surprised and the houses occupied by the enemy were set on fire. Wumingsun is located midway between the outposts of both armies. Using the place as a base, the enemy made frequent night attacks against our outposts. On the night of October 28 a force of the enemy of unknown strength attacked an eminence near Santokangun, but was immediately repulsed."

Mukden, Oct. 31.—The attack by the Japanese on the Buddhist Temple hill on October 27 led to sharp fighting. The Japanese artillery played on the position from early in the morning rendering the trenches untenable, shells and shrapnel sweeping everything and demolishing all the shelters. Two machine guns with the battalion defending the hill were smashed and disabled, but the defenders carried off the remains of the guns when they were forced to retire. The Japanese infantry attack under cover of the bombardment was made in close order. There was desperate hand-to-hand fighting in the trenches followed by a counter attack with the bayonet. The Japanese finally gained the hill, but were unable to hold it in the face of the deadly Russian artillery fire.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 31.—The military situation has not yet developed anything of great importance, though the fight at the Buddhist Temple hill on October 27 appears to have been decidedly a heavy engagement. It probably indicates that final moves on both sides are now occurring preparatory to another long, serious battle.

**THE JAPANESE MINISTER.**

An Operation For Appendicitis Was Performed On Him.

New York, Oct. 31.—An operation for appendicitis was performed on Japanese Minister Kogoro Takahira in a hotel in this city Sunday. The case is said to be a serious one, and attaches of the Japanese legation at Washington have been summoned to the minister's bedside.

Mr. Takahira arrived here from Washington Friday night and immediately after being assigned to a room in the hotel complained of illness and asked that a physician be sent for. The physician found the minister suffering much pain, but remedies were administered which eased his sufferings and allowed him to pass the remainder of the night comfortably. Saturday, however, the minister could retain no food, and this with other symptoms caused the physician to believe that the case was one of appendicitis, and Sunday, when it was positively diagnosed as such, an immediate operation was decided upon.

The operation on Minister Takahira was performed between 3 and 4 o'clock by Dr. William T. Bull, who issued the following bulletin at 7:45 o'clock Sunday night:

"The patient was taken ill Saturday morning with appendicitis. Symptoms of peritonitis rapidly supervened and an operation was decided upon by Drs. Bull, Delafield and Shady. The operation was done early in the afternoon, since which time his condition has been satisfactory, although he can not be pronounced out of danger for two or three days. At present the outlook is favorable."

Dr. Bull announced that bulletins would be issued every three hours for several days.

**The Report Untrue.**

Vigo, Spain, Oct. 31.—Inquiries here fail to obtain the slightest confirmation of the report published in the United States that Vice Adm. Hokejensky has requested Emperor Nicholas to relieve him of his command.

**Big Order For Steel Rails.**

New York, Oct. 31.—The Louisville & Nashville's order of 50,000 tons of steel rails given to the Tennessee Coal and Iron Co., the rails to be delivered next year at the price of \$28 per ton, is of more significance than would at first appear.

**Received the British Ambassador.**  
St. Petersburg, Oct. 31.—The emperor Sunday afternoon received in audience Sir Charles Harding, the British ambassador at Tientsin. The emperor and the ambassador had a long conversation.

## FROM ALL OVER THE STATE.

**WIPED OUT BY FIRE.**

Twenty-One Buildings in Corinth, Ky., Destroyed.

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 31.—The town of Corinth, with a population of about 350, 25 miles north of here on the Cincinnati Southern railroad, was wiped out by fire. Twenty-one buildings were destroyed at a loss of \$50,000. Only three business buildings, including the Farmers' bank, were saved. Not a house was left standing in Main street. The fire started from a defective flue in a private residence. Except for a few private elaters, there is not sufficient water in the town to water a horse, so complete had been the drought. The fire department of Beattyville responded.

**THE NEW GAME LAW.**

The Newport Nimrods Are Preparing to Take the Field.

Newport, Ky., Oct. 28.—Local Nimrods are preparing to take the field, as the game laws of Kentucky will soon be open. Under the new law there are several changes to which the hunters have not as yet become accustomed. It permits the hunting of quail, partridge and pheasants from November 15 to January 1; woodcock, June 29 to February 1; turkey, September 1 to February 1; squirrel, June 15 to February 1; rabbit, November 15 to December 15. Game Warden Boltz will see that the law is strictly enforced. Non-residents must pay a \$25 license.

**ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE.**

Warfare Against the Saloons in Kentucky Will Be Waged.

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 28.—Thursday afternoon the interdenominational Temperance committee merged itself in this city with the Anti-Saloon League, to be affiliated with the national body. Elected were: W. B. Adams, of Frankfort, president; Rev. Mark Collins, of this city, secretary; Dr. G. W. Young, of Georgetown, superintendent, and H. K. Taylor, of Louisville, assistant superintendent. Plans were discussed for a vigorous campaign.

**COMMISSIONER YERKES.**

His Throat Is Worse and He Will Retire to a Hospital.

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 29.—Commissioner of Internal Revenue John W. Yerkes, who was compelled to cancel all his Kentucky appointments on account of the breaking down of his voice, found his throat even worse Friday than Thursday evening. A hurried examination by a specialist disclosed that fact, and he will retire to the Good Samaritan hospital here for rest and treatment after attending the 25th wedding anniversary in an informal family dinner at Danville.

**Another Indictment.**

Pinckney, Ky., Oct. 28.—The grand jury Thursday indicted John Langdon, foreman of the Mingo mines, charging him with having balloons outside the election room in the Hunter-Edwards republican congressional primary August 9. Langdon had previously been indicted on two counts in connection with the burning of the ballots.

**Physicians Elect Officers.**

Elton, Ky., Oct. 28.—The Southern Medical association, after a two days' session, adjourned to meet next year at Russellville. The following officers were elected: President, Dr. R. W. Frey, of Trenton; vice presidents, Drs. Grace and Tyler, of Todd county; secretary-treasurer, R. L. Boyd, of Pembroke.

**New Bank in Louisville.**

Washington, Oct. 31.—The Western national bank, of Louisville, Ky., has been authorized to begin business with a capital of \$300,000. W. B. Smith will be president; F. A. Henry, Jr., vice president; T. L. Jefferson, cashier, and Louis Metz, assistant cashier. This bank was formerly known as the Western Bank of Louisville.

**Kentucky Rural Free Mail Routes.**

Washington, Oct. 29.—Rural routes have been ordered established in Kentucky December 1 as follows: Auburn, Logan county, additional service, with one carrier, area 11 square miles, population 576; Moorefield, Nicholas county, with one carrier, area covered 18 square miles, population 708.

**Asks For a Perpetual Injunction.**

Bowling Green, Ky., Oct. 29.—County Attorney Thomas filed a petition for the county asking a perpetual injunction restraining John Oman, John Oman, Jr., and G. W. Greak from using the county roads for the purpose of hauling stone with a traction engine and train of wagons.

**Killed His Neighbor.**

Madisonville, Ky., Oct. 31.—Purdus Lutz, one of the best known men in the county, was killed by Jefferson Morgan. Lutz and Morgan both lived in Manitou and were neighbors. Morgan made his escape and a posse is in pursuit.

**Decorated the Graves.**

Covington, Ky., Oct. 31.—All souls' day was appropriately celebrated at the St. Mary's cemetery on the Lexington pike Sunday afternoon. Fully 1,500 persons attended and decorated the graves of their dead.

**THE MOTHER IS DEAD.**

Strange Coincidence in the Death of Chairman Hager's Parents.

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 29.—Mrs. William Hager, the widowed mother of State Auditor S. W. Hager, died at her home in Salyersville Friday morning after an illness of 12 days from pneumonia. She was 68 years of age. Auditor Hager, who is also chairman of the democratic state campaign committee, was called to her bedside last Monday, and he was with her when the end came. The funeral will take place Sunday. The death of Auditor Hager's mother constitutes a sad coincidence in the campaign, as his father died during state campaign of 1902.

**ATTORNEY ASSAULTED.**

His Assault Will Be Indicted For Contempt of Court.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Oct. 28.—County Attorney Otho H. Anderson was assaulted at the post office Thursday morning by George Merritt, a saloon-keeper and powerful athlete, who claimed the lawyer humiliated him during a cross-examination in a trial in the circuit court. Anderson was knocked down and dealt several terrific blows. Merritt surrendered. Officials say he will be indicted for contempt of court.

**WAS BURNED TO DEATH.**

He Pushed Rescuer From the House and Locked Himself In.

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 31.—George Brown, a Negro, while in a drunken stupor, knucked over a lamp Sunday night, which set fire to the house and burned him to a crisp. Just as the fire started a neighbor opened his door and tried to put out the flames, but Brown pushed him out and locked himself in. The cottage was destroyed when the fire department reached the scene and his body was burned to a crisp.

**MEN AND BEASTS SUFFER.**

Long Drought Results in a Water Famine.

Carlisle, Ky., Oct. 29.—Water is getting to be a big item in this section for drinking purposes and stock cattle and stock are being driven from four to six miles to Licking river and never-falling springs. The electric light plant is only running half time for lack of water. Washermen are doubling the prices, and in many cases six and eight families are being supplied with drinking water from one cistern.

**The Confederate Reunion.**

Louisville, Ky., Oct. 29.—The general committee on the national reunion of the United Confederate Veterans in this city next year met at the residence of Maj. John H. Leathers, and by a unanimous vote recommended June 6, 7 and 8, 1905, as the days for the 20th reunion.

**Horses Perish in Flames.**

Bowling Green, Ky., Oct. 28.—The barn of Curd Lowe, near South Union, was destroyed by fire. Six head of horses perished in the flames besides a considerable quantity of feedstuff and farming implements. The loss is \$3,000 with no insurance.

**Two Deaths at Paducah.**

Paducah, Ky., Oct. 31.—W. R. Peal, 64, county coroner, died of a complication of diseases. He was the third coroner to die in office here. Sam Houston, a prominent lawyer, died Saturday morning. For years he was city prosecutor. He left a large estate.

**No Tiding From Koegel.**

Newport, Ky., Oct. 31.—No tidings has been received as to the whereabouts of Herman H. Koegel, the missing druggist of Third and Monmouth streets, who went to French Lick Springs October 12 and disappeared from there October 14.

**Both Were Badly Burned.**

Mt. Sterling, Ky., Oct. 31.—On Wilson creek, near Sney, Carter county, Ky., the residence of Riley Carraway was burned. Mrs. Carraway was rescued by her husband. Both were badly burned.

**A Scarcity of Water.**

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 31.—The effects of an almost unparalleled drought in this state are just beginning to be felt by the railroads and the manufacturing concerns that exist along their right of way.

**Engineer Killed, Fireman Hurt.**

Sergeant, Ky., Oct. 31.—In a freight wreck on the Indian Creek extension of the Kentucky & Virginia railroad Engineer Lem Wilkins was killed. Fireman Edward Kelley was frightfully burned and will die.

**Hildreth at Lexington.**

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 31.—Sam C. Hildreth, the Chicago turfman, accompanied by his wife, arrived here Sunday night. He has a number of good-looking and promising youngsters in training at the Kentucky association course.

**Poured Oil On a Fire.**

Williamstown, Ky., Oct. 31.—H. A. Perkins, of Crittenden, poured oil on a fire and burned to death. His wife was helpless in an adjoining room with a young baby in her arms. She is in a critical condition from shock.



## Eastern Kentucky News

No correspondence published unless signed in full by the writer. The name is not for publication, but as an evidence of good faith. Write plainly.

### OWSLEY COUNTY. ISLAND CITY.

Oct. 27.—Mrs. Nan Becknell and her son Andy were in Beattyville this week. It has been nearly three months since the voice of a preacher was heard at Oak Grove. May God hasten the time when there will be a good church-house in every neighborhood and services weekly. Henry Clay said, "My mother was poor and very poor, but she was never too poor to buy books on good books, and to this fact more than to any one thing do I owe my success in life." When the good people of our beloved hills realize the truth of Clay's words, it will be the dawning of a brighter and better day for the school children of Kentucky; for when the parents are convinced that an investment in brains yields the largest possible income; they will not hesitate to furnish their children books; which have been called "lamps, lighted by hands that have crumbled to dust to guide us on the path way of life." They will then unlock the way and point their children to the open door of the common free school.

### GABBARD.

Oct. 28.—The weather still continues dry, with cold nights.—The people are very busy gathering corn and digging potatoes. The corn crops are not so good, but potatoes are excellent.—Whooping cough is very numerous in this vicinity. Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Gabbard's little baby is very ill with it and not expected to live.—Miss Lucy Reynolds, of Eversole, visited her sister, Mrs. Emma Cole, last week.—Godfrey Isaacs and sister Emma, of Egypt, Jackson County, visited relatives at this place last Saturday and Sunday.—Mr. and Mrs. John L. Gabbard and son Henry are visiting relatives in Jackson County this week.—The Indian Creek baseball team defeated the Booneville team last Saturday in the second engagement this fall. The score was 23 to 18 in favor of the Indian Creek boys. John R. Moore and Carter Stamper were the umpires.

### TRAVELLERS' REST.

Oct. 27.—School District No. 22 is planning to go to Pleasant Grove, the 28th, to play baseball with that school.—Candidates are plentiful in Owsley County this year.—We are in great need of rain in this vicinity.—W. T. McGuire, of this place, is candidate for County Superintendent.—Candell Brothers are doing a thriving business here.—W. C. Tackett and Louvena Newman were married the 22nd inst.—Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Minter have just returned from Stanton, where they have been visiting Mrs. Minter's parents.

### VINCENT.

Oct. 27.—It has been reported that David Warren, while out riding, dropped a bunch of keys which caused his horse to run away, but fortunately he was not hurt.—Some of the boys and girls at this place are planning to be in Berea this winter. J. C. Botner and son are doing business here again.—We think Finley Hamilton will be able to resume his usual work in a few days.

### ROCKCASTLE COUNTY. LIVINGSTON.

Oct. 31.—Last Friday night while working in the new Livingston coal mines, slate fell on Thomas Rector and killed him instantly. He leaves a large family who need assistance as well as sympathy. Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Cottingham have taken rooms at the Howell hotel for the present.—Rev. F. P. Gates has returned from a pleasant visit with friends in Indiana.—W. H. Ponder went to London Monday on business and to attend the rally. Mr. Henry Browning will soon have his new house completed.—John Pennington was in Jackson County last week on business.—Among the sick of our little town are Charlie and Archie Cooper, Mrs. Jack Smith, Mrs. Jas. Aldridge and Mary Gilford.—Mr. Weik Mullins, of Cruise, is reported very sick with fever. Mr. W. G. Smith, of Rowland, Ky., and Miss Nora Fowler, of Livingston, Ky., were married at the home of the bride, Oct. 24, at 10.30 a. m. They left immediately for St. Louis and different points west. Best wishes of many friends go with them.—Miss Allie Fowler, of Berea, is visiting her parents in Livingston Saturday and Sunday.

### ROCKFORD.

Oct. 31.—Dillard Grillith lost his barn and three good horses by fire last Friday night, also tobacco, fodder, and corn, and his farming tools, and a good buggy. They saw the fire about nine o'clock in the night but it was too near gone to do anything with it. It is thought some one set fire to it.

They had blood hounds there but could only track to the woods.—Little Johnnie Stephens is on the sick list.—J. W. Todd is moving his shingle mill to W. S. Shearer's on Clear Creek.—Mrs. Stephens, Mrs. McCollum and Mrs. Rich went to Berea last Saturday.—Grandma Ogg, of Disputanta, is still very low.—Next Saturday and Sunday is the regular meeting at Scaffold Cane.—J. W. Todd is painting his house.—Mr. and Mrs. James Hammons visited her father, Mr. Lake, near Berea Saturday and Sunday.—Misses Eliza Macintosh, Bessie and Nora Linville were the guests of the Todd girls Sunday. All had a jolly old time.—We are still having dry weather.—Mrs. Cook visited her son, R. D. Cook last week.

### BOONE.

Oct. 31.—What nice weather we are having this fall. If people don't get their work done now, it won't be the weather's fault.—Lambert & Coyle have their new store house just about completed and their new goods have arrived.—J. C. Wren's little son broke his leg Saturday.—Mr. and Mrs. Clint Holt and little son Loeon, and Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Martin and baby Goldie, of Scaffold Cane, visited Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Lambert Sunday.—J. H. Lambert, of this place, went Sunday to see Mrs. Ellen Morgan, who is very sick and but little hope for her recovery.—A. Wren and family have moved to Boone's Gap.

### JACKSON COUNTY. SAND GAP.

Oct. 31.—Dr. J. W. Harley took dinner with Jacob Hellard Sunday.—J. K. Morris and family visited G. W. Hellard Saturday and Sunday.—John Amyat, of Evergreen, took dinner with G. W. Hellard Friday.—W. M. Lakes and family visited Jacob Hellard Saturday and Sunday.—Miss Rebecca Hellard and Tom Johnson visited Miss Ada Simpson, of Morrill, Sunday.—John Brockman and wife visited Shelt Brockman, Sr., Sunday.—John and Criss Roberts, of Indian Creek, attended the shooting match at Jane Morris's Saturday.—Judge T. J. Coyle took dinner with Frank Hellard Saturday. The Judge says he does not own a foot of land in Jackson County. He says he will stay with us till about January.—Miss Minnie Morris visited Jane Morris Sunday.—Jacob Hellard will kill a line beef November 4th.—Mr. Henry Clark, of Goodland, paid G. W. Hellard a flying visit Sunday. He reports he is going to Florida for his health, which is very bad.

### KERBY KNOB.

Oct. 31.—The Misses Laura and Nannie Hatfield, accompanied by their brother Frank, attended the revival services of Pilot Knob church last Sunday. A number of converts were baptised in the creek near the church house.—Miss Martha Click, who is taking the nurses' training course in the Berea hospital, came home for a short visit Wednesday evening, going back Thursday afternoon.—Mr. Carlos Coyle and family are planning to spend the winter in Florida.—Fire from a defective flue caught in the roof of Clover Bottom schoolhouse. The flames were fought back by the pupils and teacher until the arrival of the nearest patrons, when the fire was completely extinguished before any serious damage was done.

### MADISON COUNTY. WALLACETON.

Oct. 31.—Louis Sandlin, of Dreyfus, was the guest of his brother-in-law, G. B. Gabbard, from Friday until Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. David McCollum and Miss Sarah Lawson visited G. B. Gabbard and family Sunday.—Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Tishale visited their son Walter at White's Station last week. Rev. James Lunsford, of Berea, has bought Charley Rogers farm near Wallacetown for \$1,100.—Miss Flora Green, of Big Hill was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Julia Munjin, last week.—Mrs. Amanda Baker and son, Edgar, of Big Hill, was the guest of her son, G. F. Brockman, and family.—Mr. Sol. Taylor arrived here Saturday from Illinois, and will accompany Mr. H. C. Wyley through to Villa Grove, Ill. They will drive through.—R. B. Gabbard and wife visited George Carter and family Sunday.—Charley Rogers is visiting at Prechenschville this week.

### HICKORY PLAINS.

Oct. 20.—Josephus Wilson purchased the farm of Rev. Lunsford of Berea and will move in a few days.—Mrs. Maggie Overley is visiting her father, Wm. Adams.—Charley Adams has returned from an extended trip to Lawson, Mo.—A. O. Johnson, traveling salesman for W. G. White & Co., of Louisville, is expected

## Our Popular Scholarship Contest

The time will soon be here when the final hustling for first place begins. It has been intimated that in the last few days there will be many surprises, due to the hoarding of ballots for this final sprint. In fact, it has come definitely to our knowledge that some of those in second place hold secretly more than enough to put them in first place. To those now in the lead we would say, Don't for a moment cease work. Keep at it as though you were a tail-end!

Lee County.		Rockcastle County.	
Mary Earler.....	1200	Rachel Hibberd.....	500
Clay Combs.....	650	E. B. Thompson.....	500
Floyd Lucas.....	500	John McFerron.....	400
H. McGuire.....	400	Fannie McClure.....	100
Stella Thompson.....	200	Mollie Carter.....	100
		Minnie Nicely.....	100
		Byrd McHargue.....	100
Madison County.		Jackson County.	
Bessie Hays.....	1501	W. L. Begley.....	2500
Claude DeBann.....	1225	Susie Watson.....	1200
Wallace Adams.....	700	Laurin Hatfield.....	1050
Tomnie Baker.....	375	Sammel Davis.....	800
Maggie Lowen.....	375	Lizzie Wilson.....	350
Pearl Gay.....	325	Nannie Click.....	300
		Luey Parsons.....	300
		May Sparkman.....	300
		C. D. Smith.....	100
		Robert Taylor.....	100
Clay County.		Estill County.	
Susie Sparks.....	1850	Katie Moore.....	978
Ida Bengo.....	1600	Ambrose Wilson.....	878
W. M. Rice.....	1400	Garnett Powell.....	800
M. M. Robinson.....	1200	Theda Noland.....	600
T. E. Burch.....	650	Nora McGee.....	400
Chas. Combs.....	500	J. H. Richardson.....	200
G. J. Jarvis.....	500	Katie Winkler.....	200
Mary Collins.....	400	D. B. Ahlbaugh.....	200
Owsley County		Robert L. Coyle.....	102
Nora Wilson.....	850	Martha Logsdon.....	101
Snowden Reynolds.....	604	Sallie Wilson.....	101
Garfield Campbell.....	450	Nolan Cox.....	100
Mary Ray.....	450	Jonas Coldwell.....	100
Flora Pendergrass.....	201		
Burgoyne Botner.....	116		
Nettie Treadway.....	116		
B. J. Pendergrass.....	101		
Jeanette Gabbard.....	100		

home next week.—We are having large crowds at our Sunday-school and are progressing nicely with our lessons.—Squire Johnson and sister Jane went to Lexington Friday to visit the bedside of their niece, Miss Susie Roberts, who has typhoid fever. Mr. and Mrs. Kiah McKeehan went also.

### CLAY COUNTY. BRIGHT SHADE.

Oct. 26.—Court opened at Manchester Monday, with D. K. Rawlings acting as judge.—Matt and William Smith, Anee Smallwood, Woodson Mills, Oliver and Frank Wagers, Henry Manning and son all attended court at Manchester Monday.—Robert Greer is very low with fever.—Frank and Gilbert Mills went to Flat Lick Monday.—Born, to the wife of Woodson Mills, a 13-lb. boy. This makes the 13th child, and the 9th boy.—John D. White made a speech at Manchester Monday for Rosy and Fair. The Republicans of this place are getting very eager to see the election come up. We earnestly believe that when the smoke clears away on the 8th day of November Teddy will have won the battle by many thousands majority.



Don't forget the old man with the fish on his back.

For nearly thirty years he has been traveling around the world, and is still traveling, bringing health and comfort wherever he goes.

To the consumptive he brings the strength and flesh he so much needs.

To all weak and sickly children he gives rich and strengthening food.

To thin and pale persons he gives new firm flesh and rich red blood.

Children who first saw the old man with the fish are now grown up and have children of their own.

He stands for Scott's Emulsion of pure cod liver oil—a delightful food and a tonic for children, for old folks and for all who need flesh and strength.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409-415 Pearl Street, New York. 50c. and \$1.00; all druggists.

## Humor and Philosophy

By DUNCAN M. SMITH

Copyright, 1904, by Duncan M. Smith.

### PERT PARAGRAPHS.

The only good thing about advice is that it puts the giver in such good humor that he usually will stand for a touch.



The dealer in green goods is on the lookout for green customers to match them.

Never lend your umbrella; it is a good thing to have handy when it rains.

Nearness lends enchantment to the senses when fried chicken and peach pie are under contemplation.

An eye opener is a joke the point of which a blind man can see.

When you have attained your relations with your sweetheart apply a poultice of bonbons and violets.

Many a woman has won a husband by becoming the tail to his kite.

The most successful get rich quick scheme is this: Be born the son of a trust magnate.

Many a woman is darker than she is painted.

Nothing makes a man quite so mad as to discover that a slot machine is out of repair after he has put his money in it.

### When It Was Cold.

Call this cold?  
Little, old,  
Mild.  
Mellow winter like this? Why, child,  
You must be wild.  
Of course Jack Frost pokes  
Tender folks  
A few jabs of the mildest sort  
Just for sport.  
But that doesn't prove  
That it is cold enough to move  
South. Yes,  
It may cause some distress  
To lose an ear;  
But, dear  
Me,  
We  
Thought such things nothing at all  
When I was small  
And we had  
Had,  
All wool and a yard  
Wide  
Winters that really tried  
To live up to the name  
And be game.  
(Great Chris!)  
We'd go barefoot in weather like this  
Or stay inside and smoke  
To avoid a sunstroke.  
In those good old  
Days when it was cold  
You knew it without consulting the  
papers to see  
If it was one degree  
Colder than yesterday.  
Say,  
When it was cold  
You didn't need to be told  
By  
Some wise guy  
Who was drawing pay.  
You knew it every moment of the  
day.

## Carriage Satisfaction Here.



Buggies;  
Phaetons  
Runabouts  
Surries  
Traps  
Durable  
Graceful  
Useful  
Comfortable  
Stylish

Our Vehicles are every one "FLAWLESS" in wheel, body, finish and trimmings. No other sort could give the satisfaction our carriages invariably give.

No better place to buy than HERE. No better time to buy than NOW. Prices down to Rock-bottom. Qualities up to Top-notch.

We re-paint, re-pair and re-tire.  
Get our prices.

### KENTUCKY CARRIAGE WORKS,

C. F. HIGGINS, Prop.

Richmond, Ky.

## For Pain

Take a Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pill, and the Pain will disappear Like Magic.

Not by paralyzing the nerves and glands, like opium, morphine, cocaine, and other dangerous drugs, but by increasing the natural secretions.

This action is obtained as a result of modern discoveries in medicine, making it possible to relieve pain without bad after-effects.

You can safely depend upon Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills to relieve and cure such pains as Neuralgia, Headache, Stomachache, Menstrual Pains, Rheumatism, Backache, Toothache, etc.

They will also, by their calming action on the nerves, almost instantly relieve such distressing feelings as Dizziness, Car-Sickness, Indigestion, Irritability, Sleeplessness, Nervousness, etc.

Not merely do they relieve, but they also absolutely cure, because by persevering in their use, you do away with the cause.

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are guaranteed that first package will benefit, or your money back. Never sold in bulk.

"I am thankful for the good Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills have and are doing me. Ever since the war I have had spells of severe throbbing headache, caused by catarrh, until six years ago, I began taking Anti-Pain Pills, the only remedy that ever gave me relief. Since then I have not had one hard attack, because I take a Pill and it overcomes the difficulty."—GEO. SAUNDERS, Greensburg, Ind.

FREE Write to us for Free Trial Package of Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills, the New Scientific Remedy for Pain. Also Symptom Blank. Our Specialist will diagnose your case, tell you what is wrong, and how to right it. Free. DR. J. C. MILES, MEDICAL CO., LABORATORIES, ELKHART, IND.

We have bought the

### Meat Shop

Known as the R. D. Massey Meat Store on Main Street and will have fresh meat on hand all the time. Come and see us for fair treatment. Your trade is solicited here.

### Durham Bros.,

Main Street, Berea, Ky.

The Special build of

### "Tennessee" Wagons

make them the most desirable of any wagons on the market.

21 in. running gear, \$42.50 cash.

3 in. running gear, \$45.00 cash.

Sold by

### A. P. SETTLE, Jr.

Depot Street, Berea, Ky.

## 25 Percent Off

For the next 30 days on the Celebrated White Mountain Refrigerators.

Large Stock to select from.

### ARBUCKLE & SIMMONS,

Main Street,

Richmond, Ky.

## FEMALE WEAKNESS

621-3 Congress St.

Portland, Maine, Oct. 17, 1902.

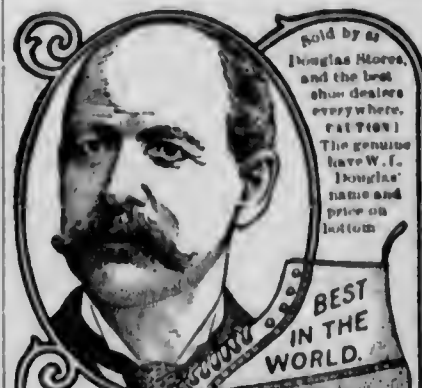
I consider Wine of Cardui superior to any doctor's medicine I ever used, and I know whereof I speak. I suffered for nine months with suppressed menstruation which completely prostrated me. Pains would shoot through my back and sides and I would have blinding headaches. My limbs would swell up and I would feel so weak I could not stand up. I naturally felt discouraged for I seemed to be beyond the help of physicians, but Wine of Cardui came as a God-send to me. I felt a change for the better within a week. After nine months' treatment I menstruated without suffering the agonies I usually did and soon became regular and without pain. Wine of Cardui is simply wonderful and I wish that all suffering women knew of its good qualities.

Wilhelmina Swann

Treasurer, Portland Economic League

Periodical headaches tell of female weakness. Wine of Cardui cures permanently nineteen out of every twenty cases of irregular menses, bearing down pains or any female weakness. If you are discouraged and doctors have failed, that is the best reason in the world you should try Wine of Cardui now. Remember that headaches mean female weakness. Secure a \$1.00 bottle of Wine of Cardui today.

## WINE of CARDUI



**\$3.00 WILDOUGLAS SHOES \$3.50**  
UNION MADE  
Notice increase of sales in table below:  
1898=146,700 Pairs.  
1899=208,183 Pairs.  
1900=1,269,754 Pairs.  
1901=1,566,720 Pairs.

Business More Than Doubled in Four Years.  
THE REASONS:  
W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's \$3.00 and \$3.50 shoes than any other two manufacturers in the world.  
W. L. Douglas's \$3.00 and \$3.50 shoes placed side by side with \$5.00 and \$7.00 shoes of other makers, are found to be just as good. They will outwear two pairs of ordinary \$3.00 and \$3.50 shoes.  
Made of the best leathers, including Patent Congress Kid, Calfskin, Goat, and Buffalo Kangaroo. Fast color, flexible and strong. Black, Brown, Tan, W. L. Douglas's \$4.00 "Gilt Edge Line" cannot be equalled at any price.  
Stores by mail \$35. extra. Catalogue Free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

## Coyle & Hayes,

Main Street, Berea, Ky.